# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1870. [VOLUME II---NUMBER 308


## EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 15.

☞ McFarland is trying to obtain a re-opening of the Indiana suit, in which Mrs. McFarland obtained her pretended divorce.

☞ There is untold wealth in the soil and mineral veins and deposits in Georgia, which invites laborers and capitalists to settle in her borders.

☞ The importance of a well devised system of sewers in any city cannot be over-rated. The earlier some plan is adopted the better for Atlanta.

☞ The application of science to economical uses has given a wonderful impetus to society. The rapidity of transportation and travel is hurrying men towards an unity of aim and purpose. The rapid transmission of intelligence is a means of arousing thought, and promoting enterprise of which our predecessors of the last century could form only a faint idea.

They earnestly desired to enjoy the social facilities enumerated. We have realized them. According to as we make a good or bad use of them, so will we go on improving in intelligence and power, or retrograde in the scale of civilization.

### Dog Fennel.

Dog fennel is a great nuisance on lawns and in old uncultivated fields. The most economical method of getting rid of it is to mow it down while in bloom and before the seed have formed or matured. This persisted in a couple of years will almost wholly destroy it.

Some pull it up by the roots, which is hard labor if performed in a dry time, and disagreeable work if done in wet weather or while the dew is on it. In the latter case, it will blister the hands and make them sometimes very sore.

Moistened dog fennel applied as a poultice will blister the surface of the body wherever it is in contact with it.

### The Garbler.

The Radical organ, published in this city, persistently insults the people whose patronage it asks, and complains of a want of courtesy on the part of other journals towards it. Barren of ideas, and ignorant of the country, its editors habitually garble the utterances of other journals, and complain that they and their friends are socially ostracised for opinion's sake. When they commit a blunder, and inculcate doctrines and uphold practices dangerous to, and subversive of freedom, they garble the language of those who have exposed their ignorance and erroneous principles. This is done, not that Georgia and her people may be benefitted, but that the people of the North may be blinded into the support of those who have proven recreant to trusts reposed in them.

### Blue-Grass Culture.

Since the war, it has been demonstrated that the blue-grass thrives in and around Atlanta. The following information in regard to its culture may be interesting to the readers of THE CONSTITUTION:

Blue grass delights in a limestone soil. Hence, in the primitive or metamorphic formation in and around Atlanta, it would be well to supply lime on blue-grass plats. Land-plaster or gypsum is a good compound of lime and would answer well. If quick lime is used its good effects are not so soon visible. The richer the ground is in organic matter the better.

In cultivating blue-grass from the seed, it is necessary to remember that it is easily killed during the first year of its growth by heat and by imprudent grazing.

The best time to sow the seed is in the fall, or during the winter or very early spring. It is best to sow the seed along with or upon a crop of some kind of small grain, whose stubble will shade it during summer. To insure that the blue-grass will not die out the first summer, rye, as an associate, or rather protecting crop, is probably the best. If the small grain grown with the blue-grass is not mowed at all, it would be best. The rye-straw forms an effective protection during the whole summer.

Blue-grass flourishes in forests where only the undergrowth has been cut out. Pine straw allowed to remain upon a spot of blue-grass hills it effectually. Hence it does not flourish in pine forests or under isolated pine trees in lawns.

White clover is troublesome in blue-grass pastures. But in a few years, in Kentucky and Tennessee, if thrifty, the blue-grass gets the advantage. The sod of blue-grass once well formed, it is difficult to destroy it by pasturing.

Stock of all kinds eat blue-grass in preference to any other grass known. No grass makes a better winter pasture.

### OUR PARIS LETTER.

**The Plebiscite—Strength of the Government—A New Party—The Portuguese Revolution—The Infallibility Doctrine—French Senators—A "Smoky" Parliament—The New Era of Smoke.**

Special Foreign Cor. of The Constitution.]

PARIS, May 28, 1870.

In Paris, especially when a piece at the theatre has had its run, all the gigantic posters and seductive puffing fail to fill the house. The thing is use. So has been the result of the plebiscite—the incendiary writing of one portion of the press, and the reports, anything but courteous of their opponents, have failed to excite public interest. The national vote has cooled down passions, and the French character, which quickly forgets, demands something new. Political dissidents, under the second Empire, as all preceding governments, regard one another as cretins. By a happy economy of nature, this does not prevent the Montagues and Capulets from mixing in social life. When mutual toleration arrives, with it will come mutual love.

The formal presentation of the vote to the Emperor was a ceremony very imposing, but did not strike the popular mind with any great feelings of majesty or solemnity. It was viewed as a thing that had to be done. Napoleon's reply gave satisfaction; it was exceptionally intelligent and practical. If the programme of ameliorations be enumerated be carried out, nothing more is required. The nation is truly weary, weary, with the waiting, and the Ollivier Cabinet is doing its best to lose the benefits of the plebiscite.

The Chamber is in a discordant state, which gives Ministers their strength, for they are neither flesh nor fish, nor good red herring—they neither represent parliamentary nor personal government. A new party has just been organized—the Moderate Left—led by Picard. The future will be theirs if they be patient, as each day the fatal circle surrounding the Mindday the fatal circle surrounding the Minister is closing in, and the Cabinet seems to have a proclivity for sinking.

The Lisbon revolution ought to be able to furnish Offenbach with ample materials for a new comic opera. The revolutionists —all soldiers—were promoted, as in Spain, as the reward of their success. All Corporals become Sergeants and Majors Colonels. The poor King, in dressing gown and slippers, conceded at once all the octogenarian Saldanha demanded, on condition that the revolutionists would not waken the Queen, who was in bed. More gallant than French revolutionists, the Portuguese apologised, and would have walked in slippers had they known the angel of the household was wrapt in elysium. It is believed in Paris the emeute is to force a union with Spain. Odd, is it not? to compel one of the Lord's annointed, with something like daggers at his throat, to accept greatness. It does seem that kingcraft is not at all attractive. The Prussian Reichstag, after voting the abolition of the punishment of death, should, by another vote under it, afford some amusement to the French, it is so much in their own line. But what affords them a real "broad grin" is the position of their bishops at the Council. There is his Grace of Orleans, who, six months ago, lived in the full odor of sanctity, but is now regarded at the Vatican as a heathen and publican.

However, when the grand majority of the Fathers depose their placet, Dupanloup will follow suit. The French people understand as little of the doctrine of infallibility as they did of the plebiscite. They accept the dictum of one of their countrymen in matters clerical—that the Church may add a fourth person to the Trinity if it pleases, so long as it will not inconvenience them in eating, drinking, amusing and dreaming. They are French before being ultra-mantaine. Nor are they indifferent to the glory that it was reserved for a francais, to demonstrate infallibility to the meanest capacity. The Bishop of Poitiers in presenting the schema, observed that as Peter was crucified with his head down, this proved that he carried, in such position, the weight of his body on his head. So the Pope ought to be infallible, because, as head of the church, he carries the entire weight of it, Q. E. D. If Peter had been crucified in the same manner as his Master, it would be a sad day for official infallibility.

So the new Senators will henceforth have only 15,000 a year for their ornamental services. It would be more to their dignity not to accept a centime, or to be boarded and lodged in a Hampton Court, if the nation felt their services indispensable. Among the students, witness the loving pupils of M. M. Tardieu and Laboulaye, when a professor leans towards the Tuileries, they rebel against him, and send him to "the Senate," as the fitting reward for obsequiousness. Were Senators unpaid, university insurrections would cease to exist. More attractive than diminishing the honorarium of a Senator, and tagging the economy to increase that of a Deputie is the grave accusation, that Deputies smoke during the sitting of committees, and the Corps Legislatif is rapidly becoming a vast fumoir. The smoke within the hallowed pile is a privilege reserved only to the Representatives of the people—it is the "hall mark," more certain than the medal of identity which he wears. The Anti-tobacco Society has come to the aid of the President by sending the Deputies tracts in six languages, detailing the dreadful consequences resulting from the most innocent puffing of

"Sublime tobacco! which from east to west
Cheers the tar's labor, or the Turkman's rest."

Barm David was so convinced by the hand-bills, that he remained six hours without a weed. Stranger still, it is one of the directors of a Spanish tobacco factory complains most of the odor. En route to Versailles yesterday, a gentleman traveling in the same compartment, asked a lady for permission to smoke. "Very willingly replied she—I was about demanding the same privilege of you." We are not so advanced here as to smoke between the courses of a dinner like the Spaniards. But occasionally the ladies withdraw to the smoking-room, and finish off a few Swiss cigarettas without being in the least annoyed by the gentlemen. It promises to become the safest compartment for unprotected females —that now ticketed for the ladies is the refuge for every occupant of uncertain age, and that Madame Rachel's preparations could not make beautiful for a day, much less for ever. At several receptions this season, several "ladies of the houses" permitted gentlemen to smoke without any squeamishness for the curtains—in fact it would be impossible to retain the Messieurs without this concession. How well the Princess Metternich understands her epoch. She helps her guests to cigars, and shows how gracefully a wreath of smoke can be curled. BOURRIENE.

### Georgia News.

Crops in Monroe excellent.

There are forty-three licensed bar-rooms in Macon.

A daily train is soon to be run from Griffin on its new railroad.

Colonel Nelson Tift has returned to Albany from Washington City.

The Lumpkin Telegraph announces the death of Mr. John Herrin.

Business in Rome dull. The Coosa is in fine boating order.

A gale passed over Forsyth last Sunday, doing considerable damage.

The Griffin Georgian says half the babies born in Georgia for the next five years will be named Kimball. Ahem!

Meriwether Superior Court has been adjourned until the second Monday in August.

Butts county subscribes $300,000 to the building of a railroad from Madison to Griffin, by way of Monticello and Jackson.

The annual commencement of the University of Georgia begins on the first Wednesday in August.

Mr. John E. Calloway, a citizen of Barnesville, has invented an ingenious pea-dropper.

Mr. Merry, who recently mysteriously disappeared from Augusta, has been found wandering about in the adjacent woods.

The Americus dry goods clerks want their establishments closed during the summer at 6 P. M.

The Rome Courier records the death of Mr. E. L. W. Griffith, at Floyd Springs, on the 2d.

The Muscogee Manufacturing Company's works at Columbus are now under way.

The Forsyth Advertiser says the citizens of Hawkinsville are organizing a brass band for the purpose of frightening off mosquitoes.

It is said that never in the history of Hall county has there been such an abundant harvest of wheat, and as good a prospect for corn as at present.

The Forsyth Advertiser says the amount of county money now in circulation, according to the presentments of the grand jury, is $18,553 00.

Henry B. Thompson, Esq., of Savannah, will deliver an address at the Masonic celebration of St. John's Day, at Louisville, Kentucky.

The Eagle further says the merchants of Gainesville have sold near 110,000 pounds of flour within a space of ninety days, and not more than 5,000 pounds were Western. All sold at 4¼ to 4½ cents.

The crops in Upson county are said to be very fine. Wheat harvesting is about completed, and the yield is said to be full. The Upson county railroad will soon be completed.

The Savannah News says the work on the obstructions near Fort Jackson has been discontinued, and will not be resumed again until the middle or latter part of October.

The Superior Court of Richmond county convened Monday. Henry Meyer has been elected President of the Augusta City Loan Association. The Savannah river is still falling. Augusta rejoiced in a gale of wind Sunday.

Chicken-stealers are on the rampage in Savannah. The Marshall Hose Company, of Savannah, celebrate their third anniversary next Monday. A State Regatta Association has been organized in Savannah.

A correspondent of the Air-Line (Gainesville) Eagle says if the people of Northeast Georgia want the Rabun Gap road, let them build the Air-Line; but if they want to defeat both, let them withhold their aid from the Air-Line.

The Albany News, of the 14th, says of the South Georgia and Florida Railroad: We have good authority for assuring our people that passenger trains will be put upon this road with lightning schedule in a few days—probably to-morrow.

The Chattanooga Times says: The earnings of the East Tennessee, Georgia and Virginia Railroad for the past year, ending on the last of the present month, will amount to about twelve hundred and sixty thousand dollars. This is a large increase over that of the year previous.

The citizens of Rome and vicinity will meet on the 17th, for the purpose of making arrangements for a grand railroad meeting and barbecue, to be held in that city some time in July, in the interest of the proposed Columbus, LaGrange and North Georgia Railroad.

An excursion party of fifty ladies and gentlemen left Macon last Tuesday on a trip to Brunswick. The Telegraph and Messenger says the bridge over the Ocmulgee river, on the Macon and Augusta Railroad, is completed. A duel is on the tapis in Macon.

The Charlotte papers announce that Mr. P. P. Dickinson, of New York, has taken the entire contract for the construction of the Air Line Railroad from Atlanta to Charlotte, and proposes to let sub-contracts for sections to parties along the line of the road.

W. H. Perkins, charged with the murder of J. E. Benton, at Crawford Station, was acquitted at the recent session of Monroe Superior Court. The case of the State vs. Joe Jackson, colored, charged with the murder of Edmond Bush, was postponed until the August Term, and the prisoner admitted to bail in the sum of $500.

The Americus Republican has the following: In one of our city churches, on last Sunday, during the sermon, two small boys annoyed the clergyman by exchanging their love letters. The clergyman stopped his sermon, and asked the congregation to kneel with him in prayer for the young sinners, which they did. This prompt action had a remarkably quieting effect.

The Columbus Sun, of the 14th instant, says it is thought Mr. DuBlois, now on the Mobile and Girard Railroad, will be selected to survey the several routes between Columbus and LaGrange, on the proposed Columbus and North Georgia Air-Line Railroad. The Sun further says a negro yesterday broke open a trunk belonging to Mr. Frank Britain, who lives six miles below Columbus, took therefrom a watch and made tracks for Columbus. A negro at work in a field dropped his plow and ran after, and though running six miles in thirty-five minutes, did not succeed in catching the thief until he was at the corner of the Georgia Home Building. The thief is now in jail.

### Supreme Court of Georgia.

JUNE TERM, 1870.

Reported Expressly for The Constitution.]

Order of Circuits with the number of cases from each:

| | |
|---|---|
| Blue Ridge Circuit | 4 |
| Western Circuit | 1 |
| Southern Circuit | 2 |
| Southwestern Circuit | 17 |
| Pataula Circuit | 34 |
| Chattahoochee Circuit | 43 |
| Flint Circuit | 4 |
| Tallapoosa Circuit | 6 |
| Atlanta Circuit | 7 |
| Rome Circuit | 10 |
| Cherokee Circuit | 6 |
| Northern Circuit | 8 |
| Middle Circuit | 9 |
| Ocmulgee Circuit | 9 |
| Eastern Circuit | 6 |
| Brunswick Circuit | 5 |

MORNING SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, ATLANTA, June 15, 1870.

The rule against McFarland, Clerk of Troup county, was discharged, but he was required to send up at once the case of Ellis vs. Rachels.

Argument was resumed in No. 30, Pataula Circuit.

Orders were taken establishing copies in lieu of lost originals in the following cases:

John T. Crim vs. Stephen A. Setters, Isaac Terry vs. T. B. Myers, Bery Davis vs. T. B. Myers, and Jacob M. Gay vs. Benajah T. Peacock, all from Schley county, in the Chattahoochee Circuit.

The first entered case on that Circuit was then called. It is John Walker vs. James Jackson, Guardian. Ejectment from Schley. W. A. Hawkins, R. F. Lyon for plaintiff in error. B. Hill, Beauford & Miller for defendant.

[McCay, J., having been of counsel in this case, did not preside.] It being the third time since the writ of error was sued out, it was dismissed.

No. 2 (continued case) is Martha O'Castleow vs Frederick Myers. Complaint, etc., from Talbot. Marion Bethune for plaintiff in error. Matthews & Little, by John Peabody for defendant. By consent, it was put to the head of this Circuit.

No. 7 (continued case) is Hamilton N. Wells vs. Blount & Matthews, et. al. Complaint, from Talbot. W. A. Little, Smith & Alexander, for plaintiff in error. B. Hill, E. H. Worrill, for defendant. It was dismissed for irregularity in the certificate, etc. McCay, J., dissenting.

Court adjourned till 3½ o'clock, P. M.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

### Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Judiciary Committee heard several witnesses in the case of Porter vs. Woods.

Porter testified that Woods met him on the street in Richmond, when Porter was on the way to his house, and proceed thence to Washington. Woods accosted Porter in a friendly manner, and asked Porter to drink. Porter refused, when Woods struck Porter, knocking him partially senseless. All this occurred while Porter was absent from his seat on leave of absence, and occurred five days before his leave of absence from the House expired.

Humphreys corroborated Porter's statement, and believed Woods used brass knuckles.

The committee meets again at 7½ to-night.

The House Committee on Ways and Means reported a bill relieving coal from duty, and was referred to a Committee of the Whole. It excludes the coal tariff both at home and abroad, from all kind of taxation, where the tariff stamp or income tonnage makes a clear sweep of the revenue from the coal trade. The bill, after some discussion, was recommitted. The ways and means and minority claiming that the bill was not in accordance with the instructions of the House, and insisting that had a full committee been present, a different bill would have been reported.

The Senate are considering a bill granting land to the Great Southern Pacific Railroad.

The Florida bill will pass to-night.

The Cuban discussion last night was violent. Several Republicans attacked Grant's message, and it was denounced as improper interference with the pending legislation.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—A boat capsized on the Schuylkill this morning. One man and two ladies drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—The Republic arrived at Hong Kong, May 12th.

The severest earthquake in Japan since 1855, reports several villages destroyed. The volcano in the island of Nipson, which has been quiet for a century, is in violent eruption.

The Captain of the bark Benefactress reports a volcano at sea, 200 miles from Yokahoma. Some portions of the volcano are above the sea. From the deck of the vessel the water around the volcano seemed boiling.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—Judge Debbie, who lost a leg at Port Hudson on the Union side, expressed himself strongly upon Judge Bradley's decision in the Slaughter House case, and threatens to employ the State against the Federal force, should the argument show Bradley's decision without the sanction of the law and his injunction unprecedentedly issued.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 15.—A violent squall struck some vessels that were lying at anchor in Great Wycornico, about sixty miles up the bay, on Saturday evening last, and capsized three schooners. One was the Viola, of Crisfield. No lives were lost. On reaching the land it up-rooted trees, blew out windows and doors, and did much damage to the crops. It covered a space of about a mile wide.

RALEIGH, June 15.—Governor Holden has issued orders to the different military divisions of the State for the formation of a regiment of State troops in active service, to be made up of white volunteers, if they can be obtained. If not, negroes will be enlisted. He also orders the immediate enrollment of the militia, with instructions to set apart a special number of minute men in each regiment to be used as a reserve.

### FOREIGN.

LONDON, June 15.—Rev. Thomas Luby, mathematician at Trinity College, is dead.

Mrs. Victoria C. Woodhull, is now called the hoop-skirt candidate for President.

### ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, June 15, 3 o'clock, P. M.

But little activity in commercial circles this morning.

Corn in light local demand, and but little inquiry for car load lots.

Cotton weak and transactions nominal.

COTTON—Market dull at 19c for middlings; 18 for low middlings; 17 for good ordinary, and 16c for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 12; selling at 1 14. Silver buying at 1 05; selling at 1 10. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 50, by car load, 1 55 in small lots. Rice, 8c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 16c; Extra C 15; Yellow, C, 12a13; Brown, 11a11½. Rio coffee, 20a34; Java, 35a38c. Besom, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 42a45. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 36a45. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eggs, 20 per doz. by the lot.

GRAIN—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 40a1 42 and prime white $1 45 in car load lots at depot; $1 48a1 50 in small lots. In Wheat there is but little doing, and it may be quoted nominally 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. The demand for Oats is steady at 87c per bushel, in car load lots and 90 in small quantities. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand.

PROVISIONS—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 19; clear rib sides 18½; shoulders 14½a15; plain hams 18a20; canvased 22.

BULK MEATS—Are also in light supply; clear sides 18½; clear rib sides 17½a17¾; shoulders 14; hams 17½a18.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—In good demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 25; extra 6 50 a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best to-price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a52½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Aliens 11; Sprague, 10½a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, ¾ 12; B. Shirting 3-4, 9½a1-4, 14; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11¼a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 17¼a18; Troup, 19; Yarns, 1 75.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a3 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a5 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackia, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 34 00a38 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; liningskins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 4 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petre, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a8 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a13; do., pure, 16½.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c. Apples 5a6c.

CORN FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2½c per lb.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6¼a7¼c, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

### Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Stocks steady. Money 3a5. Exchange, long, 109¾; short, 110¾. Gold 1 12¾. Bonds 11⅞. Tennessee ex-coupons 63½; new 62. Virginia ex-coupons 69; new 70. Louisiana sixes, old, 76½; new 72. Levee sixes 75½; eights 93. Alabama eights 101; fives 73. Georgia sixes 88¾; sevens 98. North Carolinas, old, 48¾; new 34¾. South Carolinas, old, 92½; new 82.

Flour 5a10c better. Wheat 2a3c better. Corn 1a2c better. Pork firm at 30 00. Lard quiet; barrels 16a16½. Cotton dull and drooping; sales 500 bales; middling uplands 21¾; Orleans 22¾. Turpentine dull at 38½. Rosin heavy at 2 05. Freights firm.

LONDON, June 15, noon.—Consols 92¾. Bonds 90⅞. Tallow 45s 0d.

LIVERPOOL, June 14, noon.—Cotton flat; Uplands 10½; Orleans 10¾a10¾; sales 7,000 bales. Manchester advices less favorable, causing dullness.

PARIS, June 15.—Bourse opened flat. Rentes 74f. 4c.


By T. KILE, Auctioneer.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of June, at 10 o'clock, I will sell in front of my Sales Room,

**A Fine Bay Mare, 8 Years Old,**

Works well in double or single harness. Terms at sale. T. KILE, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant. Atlanta, Ga., June 14, 1870—d2t

BAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

WHY is it that so many children die under the age of five years? That a large proportion of children die under that age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.

Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; therefore parents, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, can not be too observing of the first symptoms of worms; for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of

**B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.**

It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.

Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.

**CAUTION.**

Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful too see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so

**Favorably Known Since 1829,**

And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an Ineffilition forced upon them.

**Schwartz & Haslett,**

FORMERLY

**B. A. Fahnestock's, Son & Co.,**

Sole Proprietor's Pittsburgh, Pa.

dec3-dem1-ly1y

KING HOUSE,

Stone Mountain.....Georgia.

NOW OPEN for the accommodation of the traveling public. No pains nor expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters. An excellent

STRING AND BRASS BAND

Connected with the house. The best, healthiest and most pleasant summer resort in the South; accessible by mail and railroad from all parts of the State. Terms moderate.

may29-dim COL. J. J. MORRISON, Prop'r.

☞ City papers copy to the amount of five dollars and send bill to J. J. M.

**California Wine House.**

ANGELICA, Hock, Claret, and other grades of California Wines and choice Liquors. Come and try it. JACOB MORRIS, Hunter, between Broad and Whitehall Sts. apr28-d3m

**LANDSBERG'S**

LUMBER YARD,

OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

*Framing Lumber.*

DRY WORKED FLOORING

AND

**Weather Boarding.**

WHITE PINE

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS.

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**C. KETCHUM,**

IMPORTER & DEALER IN

CARPETING,

FLOOR & TABLE OIL-CLOTHS,

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND SHADES,

72, Main street, above Third.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Tapestry Brussels $1.65; Body Brussels $2.25; Velvet $2 50; 3-Ply, all-wool, 75c to $1.00; 2-Ply, Ingrain, $1 35 to $1 50; 3-Ply $1 80 to $1.75. apr13 3mos

**Howe & Hubbell,**

Successors to Hubbell, Swasey & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUROS,

Nos. 23, 25 and 27 Sycamore Street,

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WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Nos. 9 and 12 Public Landing,

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Proprietors of the celebrated brands of Wilshire and Orange Grove Whiskies. apr17-d6m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER

LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then intrust your correspondents to ship "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga." Call on Mr. H. F. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

C. D. OWENS, Gen'l Ag't, 320 Broadway, cor. Barclay st. Post-office address, Box 6308. New York, February 1, 1870. ja21-6f

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,

T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend Dr. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for several years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Wholesale Druggists, General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs, apr21-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S

GREAT

GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint; a sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

*FOR FEMALES,*

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalid. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious diseases. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many day's and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No license at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 14, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS: I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mitcherlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, no doubt, be excellent for Dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly, [Signed] AUG. P. WETTER.

KIRKLAND MILLS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, GA.:

GENTLEMEN: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and I find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them, approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully, [Signed] W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

*Jacob Lippman & Bro.,*

SAVANNAH, GA.

R. F. WILL, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, Wholesale Agents for Lippmann's Great German Bitters. may13-d1y

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water-proof, Light stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you as short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather and Fancy Gaiters of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.

W. AMEND, Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON. apr8—d1y

SHAVINGS! SHAVINGS!

PARTIES wishing Shavings can obtain them at the Phœnix Planing Mill, free of charge.

jan6-d3m LONGLEY & ROBINSON.

SHERIFF SALES---CATOOSA COUNTY.

UNTIL further notice, the Sheriff sales of Catoosa county will be published in the Atlanta Daily Constitution. T. B. COX, jan6-d3m Sheriff of Catoosa County.

WE are receiving large lots Corn and Country Produce. Also, keep on hand Clay's Old Kentucky Whiskies, and solicit orders and consignments. W. L. CLAY & CO., No. 1, Grisaite Block, Broad Street, mar18-d1y Atlanta, Ga.

WILLIS P. CHISOLM. R. D. SMITH. J. H. CHISOLM

J. H. BARRETT, AUCTIONEER.

CHISOLM, SMITH & CO., Real Estate Agents, Auction and

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 16.

☞ We would also make the inquiry if the proprietors of THE CONSTITUTION dare make the statement that dispatches sent from Atlanta to the Washington Chronicle are charged to or paid for by the State of Georgia?—*Governor Bullock's Home Organ.*

Has the Governor become so impoverished as to want to bring another suit for damages against the proprietors of THE CONSTITUTION? Alas! poor Bullock!

☞ If the people of Georgia are permitted to vote for Assemblymen this fall, Governor Bullock will find out what the people of Georgia think of him and his claim to respect on the score of a faithful and honest use of the public funds. The proprietors of THE CONSTITUTION expect to vote, if the people are permitted to do so, in unison with the voice of their fellow-citizens. They are not publishing a newspaper in the interest of a clique that subsidizes such sheets as the Washington Chronicle, that the people at the North may be deceived, and the interests of the people of Georgia preyed upon by political mountebanks.

### William G. Brownlow and the Centralists.

During and since the war some very remarkable characters have secured a large share of public attention, who in ordinary times would not have ranked a fourth-rate cross-road politician.

They took advantage of the state of transition from military to the re-organization of civil government in some of the Southern States to grasp power, and to force towards themselves the attention of the Northern people. They zealously misrepresent the animus of those who had espoused the cause of the Southern Confederacy towards the Federal Government.

Of the class of men referred to, the most noted is Ex-Governor, now Senator W. G. Brownlow, of Tennessee, in whose footsteps most of them have tried to tread, and whose example they servilely ape. He demonstrated how tyranny might be sustained by the misrepresentation and slander of an unoffending people—how reports of outrages might be manufactured to order—how credulous the people of the North were in regard to sensational stories gotten up to promote the schemes of his faction.

The role he played paid his partisans well. They got possession of the State Government of Tennessee. They multiplied the number of public officers. They increased the salaries of those already existing. To feed many of their faction not otherwise provided for, delinquent railroads, to which the State had lent her credit, were turned over to the harpies that flocked to the State. Pretending to be zealous for popular education, they squandered and stole a large part of the sacred school funds. On pretense of preserving the peace, they raised a militia force, composed of rowdy whites and lazy negroes, that they might give them an opportunity to live at the expense of the State, while they intimidated people at elections, who were not their own partisans.

Without sympathy with the people among whom they were resident, having no confidence in their ability to secure their votes at the ballot-box, they relied upon the logic of the bayonet to enforce every principle in morals or politics, which they professed to entertain.

They disfranchised the great body of the people. Yet at last, in Tennessee, they had to succumb before the sentiment of a peaceful and patient people, who at the ballot-box uttered their verdict against their tyrannical oppressors.

They can neither cope with reason, nor secure the voluntary approval of the people. Hence, to-day, following the cue of Brownlow, they are Centralists, and would wholly ignore the right of the people of the States to regulate their domestic affairs, wherein they can do so without interfering with the rights of citizens of the other States.

The suggestion of digging up from their dishonored graves the "effete, defunct and Bourbonic" theories of the old Federal party was made by poor old William G. Brownlow, who, though a maniac, has more wit, sense and will than the whole crew of his servile imitators that have flourished and wielded power in these Southern States since the war.

In studying the characteristics of the monomaniac, who is the leader of the faction that boldly advocates centralism, there is much to pain, a great deal to amuse, and no little that excites sympathy and sorrow for afflicted humanity.

Outside of Tennessee, where William G. Brownlow is not personally acquainted, he is generally regarded as a fiend incarnate, destitute of a single generous impulse. His erratic mind and wonderful career have put him in a false light before those who have never been in contact with him. On account of his mental affliction, he is an object of pity. For his tyrannical oppression of the people of Tennessee, he is not morally responsible, because of his mental condition.

That he is not sound of mind, no one will deny who has dispassionately studied his case, and is at all familiar with the symptoms of mania. Politicians opposed to him have not generally extended to him that charity to which he is entitled by reason of his infirmity.

With a physical frame, never very robust, for almost half a century, Governor Brownlow has been in a turmoil of excitement. Bold and fearless, when he embraces an idea he will defy any obstacles to its propagation. Yet political principles seem to him to be unworthy of preservation, or even advocacy, after the excitement of discussing them has subsided, or the occasion for the discussion has passed away.

A minister of the Gospel, his zeal is chiefly manifested in demolishing an unfortunate member of some other sect than his own, who happens to excite his ire. As an individual, he is said to be benevolent. He contributes freely to objects of charity. Pleasant and good humored in his association with men, he is unrelentingly ill-natured, abusive and vulgar in his denunciations of political opponents.

Of admitted personal integrity as a politician, he assembled around him as unscrupulous a party of peculators as ever cursed a community, and with all the power of his will he defended them.

Punctual in the discharge of his personal obligations, he so acts and talks as to leave the impression that in his estimation anything, however dishonest or dishonorable, is fair in politics.

In print he will utter the most blasphemous anathemas against those who differ in opinion with him; yet he is said to be punctual in family worship. He is, in short, erratic in mind. As a politician he is self-contradictory. As a man his conduct is unexplicable, except upon the theory that his ambition has unhinged his mind, and that he is a monomaniac on the subject of Democracy.

In casting around for something he might dignify by the name of a principle, his insane mind grasped the old "effete defunct" idea of centralization which was cherished by the "Old Bourbons" of the Federal party. He has resurrected it and made it the principle on which the faction he leads shall stand or fall. It is a convenient principle for those who wish to rule by force of arms and not by reason. They do not wish to give up their power. They imagine that they can, by playing upon people's fears as to another rebellion, consolidate the States, and finally rule and control the destinies of their fellow-citizens as the officers of a central military despotism.

None but tenth-rate politicians, ignorant of the true nature of American liberty, the history of the country, and the animus of the people of this great Confederation of States, would insult the common sense of the masses by following the lead of William G. Brownlow. When the masses are permitted at the ballot-box to utter their opinion of these political mountebanks, they will be overwhelmed by the voice of a betrayed and outraged people, whose intelligence they have insulted, and against whose sacred franchises they have conspired.

Not so with William G. Brownlow, over whose infirmities they will throw the mantle of charity; for he is rather the subject for examination on a writ *de lunatico inquirendo* than for popular indignation. If the suggestions of his insane mind answer the purposes of the conspirators against the people, the source from which they emanate will not excuse those who basely obey them.

### Political Trading on Northern Sympathies.

There is not a man in Georgia, or the South, with a particle of chivalrous feeling in his moral composition, who would not scorn to prostitute the occasion of the beautiful and touching ceremony of decorating soldiers' graves to political or partisan account.

The late occasion of decorating the graves of the soldiers at Andersonville was unmarred, as we understand, by a single incident to detract from the sanctity and touching character of the scene. Yet, the attempt has been made to give a political aspect to it, and turn over to the account of the Governor of this State, who is in disgrace with his party, large drafts have been made by him and his party, who presume upon the credulity of the Northern people predicated upon this bogus capital.

The home organ of Governor Bullock some time ago stated that Dr. Collier, having come to Georgia an anti-Bullock Republican, went away convinced that Governor Bullock was a very much misrepresented man, because certain Republicans were not present at the recent occasion of the decoration of the graves at Andersonville—thus insinuating that a test of Republicanism in Georgia is to make a pilgrimage to Andersonville, along with Governor Bullock.

So zealous was the Governor and his partisans to impress the Northern people with the part he took in the ceremonies in memory of the dead soldiers at Andersonville, they would not await the slow movement of the mails, which would carry to the distant North the detailed account of the ceremonies, of which the Associated Press dispatches would only give the facts in general. This would not answer their purpose. The Georgia bill was pending. The Governor is under a cloud in Northern esteem. Something must be done, and done quickly, to secure the sympathy of the Northern people.

That the hypocritical part he took in the ceremonies at Andersonville might impress them favorably, while yet their hearts were full of memories and emotions aroused by the associations of decoration day, he causes a dispatch, costing twenty-four dollars and sixty cents, to be sent to Washington, on the same day, which dispatch, it is presumed, was dictated or approved by himself, as he was charged with the cost of its transmission, as will be seen from the following copy of a telegram published in his home organ on yesterday:

MACON, GA., 31st.

"*To Atlanta office:*

"Please see Governor Bullock and collect twenty-four dollars and seventy cents for Associated Press message, sent to Washington last night and not collected. Answer quick and remit amount. "WRIGHT,
"Macon, Ga., Office."

The Washington Chronicle, which has been subsidized by Governor Bullock, as proven before the Investigating Committee of the Senate, utters the following:

"It is no surprise to any one here that no report of this important occasion was permitted by the Associated Press agents of the South. A short notice which the agent at Atlanta sent as Governor Bullock's request, he was compelled next day to pay expenses of telegraphing, although it is but a few days since the wires were burdened with the accounts of decorations of rebel graves."

Now, the agent of the Associated Press in Atlanta denies the charge that "no report of this important occasion, (the decoration of graves at Andersonville,) was permitted by the Associated Press agents at the South."

Not only is the Chronicle's statement untrue, but Governor Bullock, as seen above, was permitted to telegraph what he pleased, in laudation of himself, by stipulating to pay for it. It is presumed that he or his representative stipulated to pay for it, else the charge of twenty-four dollars and sixty cents would not have been made.

When a politician presumes to trade upon the holiest feelings of a people, he ought to pay for the means he employs to render his venture a success.

It is with poor grace that he whines about it through his dear Chronicle at Washington.

The people will detect the hypocrisy which is so thinly veiled.

Dear Governor! shed a few more tears.

### The Latest News.

A man named Seitz has absconded from New York as a defaulter to the amount of a quarter of a million of dollars.

The Western Union Telegraph Company now controls 110,000 miles of wire.

The negro cadets sought to be entered at West Point were rejected on account of their color.

There is another oyster war going on in the Chesapeake between Virginians and Marylanders.

It is believed that West Virginia will go democratic this fall.

The drought is sadly damaging crops in England.

The executioners in Prussia are on a strike for more pay.

The great International Sengerfest (Song Festival) begins in Cincinnati on June 16th. Five thousand singers will be present.

The thermometer in Montreal recently marked 93 degrees in the shade.

The Homeopathic Convention, now in session at Chicago, have laid the corner-stone of the Hahneoman Homepathic College.

Over forty thousand Masons were in line at the recent grand procession of the order in New York City.

Vanderbilt, Fisk and Gould have inaugurated another great railroad war.

A post of Sisters of the Grand Army has been organized recently at Gloucester, Massachusetts.

## DECISIONS
—OF THE—
## SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA

*Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, June 15.*

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

W. H. Mathews vs. James Brawing. Possessory Warrant from Webster.

McCAY, J.

The Constitution of 1868 transfers to the Ordinary not only the duties of the Inferior Court as a body, but also the duties of each member of the Court.

Judgment reversed.

Hawkins & Burke, Clark, Pickett, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

James M. Shivers vs. Armsted Goor, Abner P. Goor. Motion for new trial from Webster.

McCAY, J.

Where there was a legacy in a will "to revert to the testator's estate and then over to his daughter," in case the legatees should sue to compel an account for the testator's acts as the guardian of the legatee, and the legatees accepted the legacy and enjoyed it for six years, and there was no fraud or mistake proven:

*Held*, That the legatees are estopped from suing to compel the account.

Judgment reversed.

J. L. Wimberly, S. H. Hawkins, by the Reporter, for plaintiff in error.

C. B. Wootten, Hawkins and Burke, for defendant.

Dinah Paschal vs. Hector Jones. Habeas Corpus, from Dougherty.

McCAY, J.

A colored child, born before emancipation, and whilst his parents lived in what was regarded a state of wedlock, who has been acknowledged by his father as his child, is the legitimate child, not only of his mother but of his father also, and the father has the rights of a parent over him.

Judgment affirmed.

Vason & Davis, for plaintiff in error.

D. H. Pope, by John D. Pope, for defendant.

Jacob L. Cobb vs. F. B. Morris, executor, etc. Motion for new trial from Randolph.

McCAY, J.

Whether an award be illegal or not upon its face, is a question of law for the court, and is not an issue to be submitted to a jury.

2. In an issue formed upon an allegation that an award of arbitrators was made under a mistake of the arbitrators, the general merits of the controversy are not in issue, and it falls upon the party attacking the award to show the fact of the mistake, and it is not enough to show that the weight of testimony is against the award, and from thence infer a mistake.

3. When there is a suit pending, and one of the parties dies, and the controversy is submitted to arbitration, between the survivor and the representative of the deceased, and there is an issue formed in the Superior Court, under the statute to prevent the award from being made the judgment of the court, the surviving party is not a competent witness for himself.

Judgment affirmed.

B. S. Worrill, J. S. Wimberly, for plaintiff in error.

H. Fielder for defendant.

Green Kitchens vs. The State. Assault with intent to murder, from Lee.

McCAY, J.

A charge of the Judge, in a criminal case, that if certain facts are proven, the prisoner is guilty, is not error, if the charge is supported by the proof.

Judgment affirmed.

Fred H. West by W. A. Hawkins, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for the State.

John H. David, next friend, etc., vs. Southwestern Railroad Company. Case from Randolph.

McCAY, J.

If a widow die pending a suit by her for the homicide of her husband, the rights of action for such homicide survives to the children, and in such last suit the measure of damages is the injury to the children, to be measured, as in the case of the widow, by a reasonable support for them, according to the condition in life, etc., of the father, and according to the expectation of his life as found by the mortuary tables.

Judgment reversed.

E. L. Douglass, H. Fielder, for plaintiff in error.

A. Hood, Lyon, deGraffenreid & Irvin, for defendant.

☞ Cardinal Antonelli, in his dispatch to the Nuncio at Paris, says:

It results from these principles that, if the infallibility of the Church embraces—but not in the sense indicated by the French dispatch—all that is necessary to the preservation of the integrity of the faith, no prejudice can accrue therefrom to science, history or politics. The prerogative of infallibility is not an unknown fact in the Catholic world. At all times the supreme magistracy of the Church has dictated the rules of faith without the internal arrangements of States being interfered with, and without their princes seeing just cause for alarm. They, indeed, wisely appreciating the influence of these regulations in the light of good order and civilized society, often constituted themselves the avengers and defenders of the doctrines defined, and obtained the full and respectful observance of the same by means of their royal concurrence.

And he further says:

By virtue of its authority the Church does not interfere in any direct and absolute manner in the constitutive principles of governments, in the forms of different civil regimes, in the political rights of citizens, in their duties with respect to the State, and other matters pointed out in the Minister's note. But no society can exist without a supreme principle as regulator of the morality of its actions and its laws. Such is the sublime mission confided by God to the Church, with a view to the happiness of nations, and without requiring for the accomplishment of this ministry interference with the free and prompt action of governments. It is, in fact, the Church that in inculcating the principle of rendering to God the things that belong to God, and to Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, imposes at the same time upon her children the obligation to obey conscientiously the authority of princes. But these should in their turn remember that if they issue laws contrary to the principles of eternal justice, to obey them would not be to render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, but to purloin from God the things that are His.

Politics in America need not exercise itself about religion. And, on the other hand, religious denominations would do well to eschew politics altogether.

DISCOVERY OF A WONDER.—A subterranean inlet to Great Salt Lake has been found opposite Corinne, and between Fremont and Kimball Islands. The schooner Pioneer, Captain Hannah, sailing in the vicinity last Tuesday, was drawn into the opening, which is an immense maelstrom or stupendous whirpool, and the descent or circular motion of the waters was so rapid and violent that the vessel was made to spin around in it with frightful felocity, and it was only by a high wind prevailing at the time that she was enabled to sail beyond the influence of the awful chasm. Captain Hannah reports that he has no doubt whatever that this opening, which has never before been discovered, is the grand outlet of the lake. A party of scientific men will leave here immediately, on the steamer Kate Conners to investigate this greatest of wonders. The result will probable show how, for ages, the accumulation from a thousand mountain streams has disappeared through the earth's surface.

BAD NEWS FOR ASSISTANT ASSESSORS.—A high official of the Internal Revenue Bureau says of the income tax bill, that the increased exemption and the reduction of the tax in the new bill would bring the estimated revenue from this source down to about eighteen millions, and that the fifteen hundred special Assistant Assessors, who are appointed annually for three or four months' service to assess the incomes, can be dispensed with, because the exemptions leave so few people in a district liable for income tax that the regular Assistant Assessors will be sufficient, especially as it is the custom with these regular Assistant Assessors to sit in their offices and wait for the income assessments to be handed in, instead of going after and hunting them up. The result, he thinks, will be a trifling assessment, leaving nothing but a remnant of the former amount to collect, so that in his opinion it would be better to wipe it out altogether.

### Personal.

Miss Nellie French, walkist of Indiana, made nine and a half miles inside of two hours.

A young mulatto girl, of reputed beauty, is being trained for the stage by a retired actor, once of great celebrity. She is reputed to be studying Cleopatra.

Brigham Young has issued a notice to tobacco chewers, that if they choose to chew in a manner disastrous to the tabernacle floors, they will be promptly ejected by the gentlemanly sexton.

The Cornhill Magazine says of the Duke of Wellington, that no man who can fairly be called great, ever had a narrower escape from stupidity.

Mr. Charles Mathews, the comedian, is now in Melbourne, Australia, where he is the recipient of distinguished honors, several festivals having been given in his honor, and his first appearance on the Australian stage was a great success.

Sam Allis, of Blackford county, Indiana, thought it would be amusing to play ghost the other evening. He appeared to a farmer who "strikes five hundred from the shoulder," and was carried home in a blanket.

The late M. Villemain, of the French Academy, incurred the displeasure of the first Napoleon because he indignantly refused to prepare a revised edition of the classics from which should be omitted all maxims which were opposed to imperialism.

### Feminine.

Miss Ida Bowles claims that a woman is perfect, and man imperfect, because he lost a rib.

Many a woman who has forced herself into the matrimonial market, wishes, when too late, that she had not been so badly sold.

Eugenie has given a statue of Columbus to the Republic of Columbia, and they think it preferable to a live Maximilian.

The Countess Pourtales, by birth, Miss Halleday, of California, who eclipsed all Paris in the matter of expensive lace last winter, is to spend the summer at Newport.

Connecticut is to refer all petitions for female suffrage to a committee of bachelors and widowers, who will respectively disagree on the subject to the end of time.

"My dear," said the sentimental Mrs. Waddles, "home, you know, is always the dearest spot on earth." "Well—yes," said the practical Mr. Waddles, "it does cost me about twice as much as any other spot."

Miss Caroline V. Hutchins, appointed teacher of vocalization and chorus-singing in the normal and high schools of this city, is said to be the first woman ever commissioned to wield the baton of leadership at the head of an orchestra.

A strong-minded lady refers, as an example of the unfairness with which her sex are treated, that while it is a very common thing to hear of city chamberlains who receive their thousands of dollars a year, no one ever yet heard of a city chambermaid.

CURE FOR THE WHOOPING COUGH.—A physician writes to Demorest's Monthly Magazine an interesting communication on the nature and treatment of whooping cough, and adds:

"The remedy for the cure of this terrible disease is simple. It is in reach and procurable by all. Perhaps its very simplicity will cause it to be neglected. It is simply to administer the decoction or infusion of the common *castanea vesca*, chestnut leaves; or, if better understood, chestnut leaves tea. The infusion is prepared in the ordinary manner that tea is daily prepared for domestic purposes, to-wit: Pour one quart of boiling water on one ounce of the chestnut leaves, and keep covered. When cold, an ordinary teacupful may be given three or four times a day; the last at the time of the patient retiring to rest for the night. Sugar and milk may be added, if necessary, to deceive the patient.

CHILDREN GAMBLING HELLS.—They have a new invention in London. The police there have discovered a private "hell" for little boys, and Mr. Thomas Burns, of No. 26 Wilson street, Finsbury square, has been held to answer for allowing his premises to be used for the purpose. It actually appears that youthful sinners of from 9 to 15 years of age have been in the habit of gathering at Mr. Burns' [illegible] and gambling for money. This beats young America hollow. We have apparently had something like a Juvenile Burglars' and Footpads' Society in New York, if we may judge from recent events and disclosures, but a private gambling house for children is a novelty to which, with all our progress, we certainly can thus far supply no parallel.

AN IMPORTANT INVENTION.—A contrivance for filling locomotives with water at full speed, was applied successfully on the Hudson River Railroad. A tank is sunk between the tracks and filled with water, from which, by the aid of a pipe dropped at the proper time, the water is forced into the tender. Upward of sixteen hundred gallons were in this wise forced into tenders the engine going at a rate of thirty-five miles an hour.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES*

### Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Revenue to-day nearly $1,250,000.

The Freedman's Corruption Investigation has closed. The committee will carefully overhaul the evidence, which will probably take the balance of the session. The case was closed with a long statement by Chief Functionary Howard.

Admiral Lee succeeds Poor in command of the North Atlantic Squadron, headquarters in Cuban waters.

### Congressional.

A bill to grant land to a Florida Railroad was passed.

A bill was introduced restraining the North Pacific Road from contracting any obligations beyond fifty millions.

The abolition of the franking privilege was discussed to recess.

The Senate is in session to-night.

In the House the Currency bill was considered. It is the first, second, tenth and eleventh sections of the bill which was lost a few days since, and provides the first for issuing of 95 million dollars of National bank notes; the second cancels forty-five and one-half millions at 3 per cent., and thirty-nine and one-half million of greenbacks. It takes twenty-five million from the States having an excess, and distributes it in the West and South, but not till after ninety-five millions have been issued. The fourth section allows the banks in a State having an excess to remove to a State in deficiency, taking with it its capital, circulation, etc.

An amendment, forbidding the cancellation of greenbacks, was adopted by 73 to 44.

The bill finally, after rejection and many amendments, passed, 98 to 81.

The bill goes before the Senate.

The debate in the House to-day, on the Cuban resolutions, was exciting and more than heretofore animated, especially between Butler and Logan, the former opposing the declaration of belligerency, and the latter advocating it.

Bingham offered an amendment to one of the sections, which he desired to submit as a substitute.

The previous question was seconded, and as that presented a new phase of the matter, bringing up the question as unfinished business to-morrow, the House adjourned, after a session of eight hours.

Bingham's amendment authorizes the President to use good offices in restoring peace between the Cubans and Spaniards.

It is thought that this will prevail as a compromise.

No one presumes to guess the result of to-morrow's proceedings, both sides being very stern in their respective positions. Banks yesterday intimated that Caleb Cushing wrote part of the President's Cuban message, but this is altogether a mistake, that gentleman having nothing to do with it. No one outside of the Executive Department had any knowledge of the message being prepared until the document itself was transmitted to Congress.

The President to-day said, while he sympathized with the Cubans and all people struggling for independence, he would not be controlled by his mere feelings or sympathies, but would, in dealing with foreign powers, respect treaties, and, as the Executive, faithfully carry out laws and uphold and defend the Constitution.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Red Cloud speaks to-morrow at Cooper Institute.

The Quaker commission promise Red Cloud the seventeen horses which Cox refused.

BOSTON, June 15.—Hon. Thomas D. Elliott is dead.

Moses Wingate, of Haverhill, died to-day, aged 99 years and 3 months.

### NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The following is the text of Bingham's compromise:

Resolved, That the President is hereby authorized to remonstrate against the barbarous manner in which the war in Cuba has been conducted; and, if he shall deem it expedient, to solicit the co-operation of other governments, in such a manner as he may deem necessary, to secure from both the contending parties an observance of the laws of war recognized by all the civilized nations.

### FOREIGN.

LONDON, June 15.—In the House of Commons last night, Gladstone replying to a motion to revise the Bible, said the Government had carefully considered the question and thought it better to leave the subject to ecclesiastical authorities. The revision of the Bible was of dubious vitality and untimely. At length the motion was withdrawn, and soon after the House adjourned.

The members of the Monarch Insurance Company, which recently failed, have been committed to jail on a charge of fraud.

In the House of Lords last night, Granville moved and seconded the reading of the Irish Land bill. He said, refraining from partisan topics, he would simply demonstrate the necessity for this legislation. The law, as it stood, was confessedly unsatisfactory. The tenure of land in Ireland was insecure and abrupt; evictions without compensation for improvement were common. Landlords had their grievances too. Rents were lower and their payment less certain in Ireland than any other country in Europe, while the interest on bonds and mortgages was greater. He referred to the difficulties landlords had with their tenants, and outrages which resulted; he analyzed the previous attempts at legislation on this subject. Finally, the settlement was now sought for; it had been impossible hitherto, but now it was possible. He proceeded to show that the tendency of the present scheme was to produce prosperity, order and peace.

Richmond denied that there was any necessity for the bill; read a number of letters to prove that landlords were all gentlemen. Exceptions were possible, but too few to warrant the present legislation. After urging other objections, the noble lord said he should not oppose the measure for fear worse would follow its rejection, but he hoped certain amendments, which he suggested, would be adopted.

Russell advocated the passage without further amendments.

Dufferin said large landlords defended the provisions as they stood, and he deprecated any alteration.

Salisbury spoke against Kimberly for the bill.

Lord Monck supported the measure in general, but took exceptions to some details. Adjourned without action.

PARIS, June 15.—A meeting of the members of the Left Centre party in the Corps Legislatif was called to take action on the St. Gothard Railroad. After an interchange of views, it was decided not to oppose its construction, which is a joint undertaking of Prussia, Baden, Switzerland, and Bavaria, but to request the French Government also to take an interest in the railway.

It is reported by good authority that the Princess of Orleans advances 600,000 francs to the purchase of the Galla Roman Amphitheatre recently discovered in Rue Mongien, in this city, which the Government refused to buy.

The journal official contains the following nominations: Viscount Gueronniere, Ambassador to Constantinople; Count Armand, Ambassador to Lisbon; J. Berthemy, Ambassador to Brussels; Prevost Paradol, Ambassador to Washington; Bellinet Secretary of the second class, at Washington, and DeNormed Secretary of the third class.

OTTOWA, June 15.—Hon. A. Campbell goes to England to lay the whole Fenian business before the Government.

### HYMENEAL.

WYLLY—FIELD.—Married, on the 15th instant, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. R. H. Goodman, on Luckie street, by Rev. Dr. Wilson, Mr. ROBERT E. WYLLY, of Savannah, to Miss SALLIE FIELD, of Cobb county, Georgia.

## *Special Notices.*

☞ SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE—GEORGIA RAILROAD—AUGUSTA, June 13th, 1870.

NOTICE TO THOSE ATTENDING THE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

College exercises will commence this year as follows:

At Covington, Sunday, June 19th.
At Oxford, Sunday, July 17th.
At Penfield, July 19th.
At Athens, Sunday, July 31st.

All parties desiring to attend will be passed for ONE FARE, full fare Ticket to be purchased TICKET FREE.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

☞ Athens, Greenesboro, Covington, Washington, Madison and Atlanta papers please copy to August 1st. june16-dtang1

☞ THREE BEAUTIFUL BUILDING Lots on College Hill; ¼ cash, balance on time. For sale at PECK, DESAULLES & CO.'s. june11-d1w

## *New Advertisements.*

## 33 VILLA LOTS
### AT AUCTION,

ON the premises, at 11 o'clock, A. M., FRIDAY, the FIRST day of JULY, 1870.

☞ These Lots are in HURTVILLE, on the Georgia Railroad, 5¼ miles from the center of the GATE CITY.

☞ Special attention of Capitalists invited to this "inauguration sale" of Villa Lots in Hurtville.

Plat of the property can be seen at our office, next to James' Bank, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance 60 and 90 days, without interest.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents.
june16-d3t

## LOST,

A BLACK LETTER-BOOK, containing a few business letters, Railroad passes, and two notes payable to me. The book is worthless to any one except myself. If left at the Atlanta Ice House, the finder will be liberally rewarded.

P. PELHAM.
june16-d1w

## THE FIRST NEW FLOUR IN MARKET.

WE are receiving to-day a few half sacks of choice Family Flour, made from this season's (new) Wheat, from J. J. Cohen's celebrated Mill, Rome, Georgia. We have been selling Flour from Cohen's Mill for four years and can recommend it as strictly choice.

A. J. WEST & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers,
Peachtree Street.
june16-d1t

## HAVING FITTED UP A FIRST-CLASS Machine Shop, IN KNOXVILLE,

We are prepared to make to order

*Sash, Blinds, Doors,*

—AND—

## MOLDING,

In the best style and at prices to suit the times.

All ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED and shipped to any point on the different railroads leading out of Knoxville.

TARWATER & AMBROSE.
june16-d3m Knoxville, Tennessee.

## J. W. GANT,
## Produce and Commission MERCHANT.
## Knoxville, - - Tennessee.

PURCHASES ON ORDER Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Dried Fruit, Feathers, etc., etc.

Refers to all the principal merchants in Georgia.

J. W. GANT.
june16-d3m

## G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

I WILL SELL, upon the premises, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, 17th instant, at five o'clock, (cool of the day,)

### FOUR WELL SITUATED RESIDENCE LOTS

On that well known Block, corner of Luckie and Alexander streets, between Colonel Joe. Mills, Captain Hendricks, Ed. Murphy, Major McAfee and others. This is a commanding situation, in a fine neighborhood and all the lots lie well. Plat in my office. Sale positive. Terms cash. No postponement on account of weather. Examine the lots and attend the sale.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
No. 38 Alabama Street.
june16-d3t

## Money! Money!

THE Right of Skating Rink for the City of Savannah, Georgia, with one hundred pairs Skates, nearly all in good order, can be bought for cash, or exchange for approved Real Estate anywhere in the State.

Apply to WALLACE & FOWLER,
Real Estate Agents,
Atlanta, Georgia.
june16-d2w

## For Rent,

A NEW COTTAGE of seven rooms, with servants' house, situated on Collins street, only one block from and in full view of City Park. A desirable place. Apply to J. C. PECK,
Office of New Hotel.
june15-d1w

## WANTED.

A No. 1 PLUMBER AND GAS FITTER. None but a first-class mechanic need apply.

HUNNICUTT & RELLINGRATH.

☞ Charleston Courier copy and send bill to this office.

Atlanta, Ga., June 16, 1870—d3t

## TWO DELIGHTFUL NEW MUSIC BOOKS.
### Pianoforte Gems.

A NEW COLLECTION of the latest favorite Nocturnes, Waltzes, Polkas, Marches, Schottisches, Redowas, Four-Hand Pieces, Quadrilles, etc., just issued in one book complete.

## THE WREATH OF GEMS.

A New Collection of the most popular Songs, Ballads and Duets, of the day, with an accompaniment for the Pianoforte. Price of each, Boards, $2 50. Cloth, $3 00. Cloth, full gilt, $4 00. Sent post paid on receipt of price. DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. 711 Broadway, New York. june15-d3w

## SEASON, 1870.
## MONTVALE SPRINGS,
## Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.

The most marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.

Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure-seeker, no less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.

Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.

Daily Coaches, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.

Board per day $2 50; per week $15 00; per month, $60 00.

Address, for descriptive pamphlets,
JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
Knoxville, Tennessee.
june15-d3m

## Warehouse and Commission BUSINESS.

THE undersigned has taken possession of the WAREHOUSE, corner of Hunter and Fryer Streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strong & Co., and will receive on storage Cotton, Produce and goods consigned to him. Mr. P. E. McDaniel will remain in charge of the Warehouse for the present and give his personal attention to the business. GEO. SCHAEFER.

Atlanta, Ga., June 15, 1870—d1w

## LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

I WILL RENT A BOARDING HOUSE, with twelve or fifteen rooms—not fine but comfortable—for Forty Dollars per month, on the corner of Alabama and Forsyth Streets.

Apply to B. G. KELLEY,
No. 1 Granite Block.
june15-d1w

## Important Notice.

BY the death of the late Hon. HENRY CLAY MILLER, Mr. HARRY MILLER, who is at present engaged in selling Gas Burners or Fixtures, somewhere in Georgia or Alabama, has fallen heir, by will, to the estate of Judge Miller, valued at about

## *Ten Million Dollars.*

The last heard from Mr. Miller he had left Savannah for Atlanta, or some of the cities in Georgia or Alabama. If this meets his eye, he will please confer immediately with

J. E. SIMONS,
Attorney at Law,
51 Chambers Street, New York.
june15-d1w

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.

AT the first regular Term of the Court after the expiration of four weeks from the date of this notice, applicat on will be made to the Court of Ordinary of said county for leave to sell the land belonging to the estate of WILLIAM A. HAMILTON, late of said county deceased.

Z. L. HAMILTON, Adm'r,
with the will annexed.
june10-w4s

## MERCHANDISE TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE.

$5.000 TO $15,000 worth of New Goods in original packages. Dress Goods, Trimmings, etc., at New York prices and costs, for good renting property in Atlanta or Macon at Cash prices. Address

EXCHANGE BOX 194,
Atlanta P. O.
june8-d1f

## Carpets and Curtains.

OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,

WINDOW SHADES AND CORNICES,

RUGS, MATS, ETC., ETC.

Closing out our immense Stock at a vast reduction in price.

S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
june8-d1f

## GUNNY BAGGING, BAGS, Etc.

THE Undersigned, Importers and Manufacturers of Bagging and Bags, offer for sale, in lots to suit purchasers,

500 Bales Borneo Bagging, to arrive per "Carisbrooke Castle."
250 Bales Borneo Bagging, to arrive per "Ocean Mail."
500 Bales Standard India, to arrive per "Ocean Mail."
5000 Roll Domestic Bagging.

Our double Phœnix Jute Bagging took the premium at the Georgia State Fair held at Macon last year. All kinds of Burlap Bags for Fertilizers and Grains. WM. B. COOPER, JR. & CO.,
No. 99 Pearl, and 62 Stone sts., New York.
june1-deod3m

## *Improved Cotton Gins!*
## Brook's Cotton Press!
## LEVER HORSE POWERS!
## Threshing Machines!
## The Winship Cotton Gin!

WE are now manufacturing a very superior Cotton Gin, with many VALUABLE IMPROVEMENTS, which, for style of workmanship, LIGHT DRAFT and FAST GINNING, can not be surpassed North or South. All parts MADE OF IRON where the same is essential to durability. We use a SELF OILING BOX which has many advantages over any other heretofore in use, and from long experience in this branch of business, flatter ourselves that we understand the wants of the Cotton Planter. Every Gin warranted.

Price, delivered on board the cars $4.00 per Saw.

OLD GINS REPAIRED and put in good running order.

Address: WINSHIP & BRO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

## The Brook's Cotton Press!

WE shall continue to manufacture the celebrated WROUGHT IRON Cotton Screw Press, which has now an established reputation as being THE BEST COTTON PRESS ever offered to the public. It took the FIRST PREMIUMS at the State Fairs of Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee, and any amount of Testimonials from Planters, who have them in use, showing their superiority over all other Presses. We have perfected some VERY IMPORTANT improvements in this Press (which we shall give our customers without additional cost on former prices) by using improved friction balls and chilled grooves in the parts most liable to wear (formerly made of cast iron). We have also added considerable to the size and strength of the Irons. Our Screw Pins are made of refined wrought iron 5¼ inches diameter, 9¼ feet long (formerly 3½ inches, iron and 6 feet long), and are threaded so as to pack a bale in TWO THIRDS THE TIME formerly taken. Complete set of Irons, including bolts, with full directions, for putting up, $130 00.

WINSHIP & BRO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

## OUR IMPROVED LEVER HORSE POWER!

THIS Horse Power has met with such unprecedented success, and given such UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION during the last season, that we have determined to abandon all others in its favor. It gives PLENTY OF SPEED, and for EASY DRAFT can not be excelled. It is light, portable and convenient, and admirably adapted to FIELD THRESHING AND GINNING, and last but not least IT IS DURABLE. Warranted as represented. Price, 2 and 4-horse, $125 00; 4 and 6-horse, $150 00.

WINSHIP & BRO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

## Threshing Machines!

ALL in want of a good IRON DRUM SELF-OILING BOX, SPIKE THRESHER that will thrash a BUSHEL PER MINUTE and get it out clean, will do well to call on us before buying. THRESHERS from $30 00 to $65 00, according to size. PATENT FAN MILLS $40 to $60. We also keep ordinary GIN GEARING, from 7 to 12 feet and SUGAR MILLS in stock at lowest market rates.

## Engines and Saw Mills,

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
*DEFIES REFUTATION.*
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 16.

☞ We would also make the inquiry if the proprietors of THE CONSTITUTION dare make the statement that dispatches sent from Atlanta to the Washington Chronicle are charged to or paid for by the State of Georgia?—*Governor Bullock's Home Organ.*

Has the Governor become so impoverished as to want to bring another suit for damages against the proprietors of THE CONSTITUTION? Alas! poor Bullock!

☞ If the people of Georgia are permitted to vote for Assemblymen this fall, Governor Bullock will find out what the people of Georgia think of him and his claim to respect on the score of a faithful and honest use of the public funds. The proprietors of THE CONSTITUTION expect to vote, if the people are permitted to do so, in unison with the voice of their fellow-citizens. They are not publishing a newspaper in the interest of a clique that subsidizes such sheets as the Washington Chronicle, that the people at the North may be deceived, and the interests of the people of Georgia preyed upon by political mountebanks.

### William G. Brownlow and the Centralists.

During and since the war some very remarkable characters have secured a large share of public attention, who in ordinary times would not have ranked a fourth-rate cross-road politician.

They took advantage of the state of transition from military to the re-organization of civil government in some of the Southern States to grasp power, and to force towards themselves the attention of the Northern people. They zealously misrepresent the animus of those who had espoused the cause of the Southern Confederacy towards the Federal Government.

Of the class of men referred to, the most noted is Ex-Governor, now Senator W. G. Brownlow, of Tennessee, in whose footsteps most of them have tried to tread, and whose example they servilely ape. He demonstrated how tyranny might be sustained by the misrepresentation and slander of an unoffending people—how reports of outrages might be manufactured to order—how credulous the people of the North were in regard to sensational stories gotten up to promote the schemes of his faction.

The role he played paid his partisans well. They got possession of the State Government of Tennessee. They multiplied the number of public officers. They increased the salaries of those already existing. To feed many of their faction not otherwise provided for, delinquent railroads, to which the State had lent her credit, were turned over to the harpies that flocked to the State. Pretending to be zealous for popular education, they squandered and stole a large part of the sacred school funds. On pretense of preserving the peace, they raised a militia force, composed of rowdy whites and lazy negroes, that they might give them an opportunity to live at the expense of the State, while they intimidated people at elections, who were not their own partisans.

Without sympathy with the people among whom they were resident, having no confidence in their ability to secure their votes at the ballot-box, they relied upon the logic of the bayonet to enforce every principle in morals or politics, which they professed to entertain.

They disfranchised the great body of the people. Yet at last, in Tennessee, they had to succumb before the sentiment of a peaceful and patient people, who at the ballot-box uttered their verdict against their tyrannical oppressors.

They can neither cope with reason, nor secure the voluntary approval of the people. Hence, to-day, following the cue of Brownlow, they are Centralists, and would wholly ignore the right of the people of the States to regulate their domestic affairs, wherein they can do so without interfering with the rights of citizens of the other States.

The suggestion of digging up from their dishonored graves the "effete, defunct and Bourbonic" theories of the old Federal party was made by poor old William G. Brownlow, who, though a maniac, has more wit, sense and will than the whole crew of his servile imitators that have flourished and wielded power in these Southern States since the war.

In studying the characteristics of the monomaniac, who is the leader of the faction that boldly advocates centralism, there is much to pain, a great deal to amuse, and no little that excites sympathy and sorrow for afflicted humanity.

Outside of Tennessee, where William G. Brownlow is not personally acquainted, he is generally regarded as a fiend incarnate, destitute of a single generous impulse. His erratic mind and wonderful career have put him in a false light before those who have never been in contact with him. On account of his mental affliction, he is an object of pity. For his tyrannical oppression of the people of Tennessee, he is not morally responsible, because of his mental condition.

That he is not sound of mind, no one will deny who has dispassionately studied his case, and is at all familiar with the symptoms of mania. Politicians opposed to him have not generally extended to him that charity to which he is entitled by reason of his infirmity.

With a physical frame, never very robust, for almost half a century, Governor Brownlow has been in a turmoil of excitement. Bold and fearless, when he embraces an idea he will defy any obstacles to its propagation. Yet political principles seem to him to be unworthy of preservation, or even advocacy, after the excitement of discussing them has subsided, or the occasion for the discussion has passed away.

A minister of the Gospel, his zeal is chiefly manifested in demolishing an unfortunate member of some other sect than his own, who happens to excite his ire. As an individual, he is said to be benevolent. He contributes freely to objects of charity. Pleasant and good humored in his association with men, he is unrelentingly ill-natured, abusive and vulgar in his denunciations of political opponents.

Of admitted personal integrity as a politician, he assembled around him as unscrupulous a party of peculators as ever cursed a community, and with all the power of his will he defended them.

Punctual in the discharge of his personal obligations, he so acts and talks as to leave the impression that in his estimation anything, however dishonest or dishonorable, is fair in politics.

In print he will utter the most blasphemous anathemas against those who differ in opinion with him; yet he is said to be punctual in family worship. He is, in short, erratic in mind. As a politician he is self-contradictory. As a man his conduct is unexplicable, except upon the theory that his ambition has unhinged his mind, and that he is a monomaniac on the subject of Democracy.

In casting around for something he might dignify by the name of a principle, his insane mind grasped the old "effete defunct" ides of centralization which was cherished by the "Old Bourbons" of the Federal party. He has resurrected it and made it the principle on which the faction he leads shall stand or fall. It is a convenient principle for those who wish to rule by force of arms and not by reason. They do not wish to give up their power. They imagine that they can, by playing upon people's fears as to another rebellion, consolidate the States, and finally rule and control the destinies of their fellow-citizens as the officers of a central military despotism.

None but tenth-rate politicians, ignorant of the true nature of American liberty, the history of the country, and the animus of the people of this great Confederation of States, would insult the common sense of the masses by following the lead of William G. Brownlow. When the masses are permitted at the ballot-box to utter their opinion of these political mountebanks, they will be overwhelmed by the voice of a betrayed and outraged people, whose intelligence they have insulted, and against whose sacred franchises they have conspired.

Not so with William G. Brownlow, over whose infirmities they will throw the mantle of charity; for he is rather the subject for examination on a writ *de lunatico inquirendo* than for popular indignation. If the suggestions of his insane mind answer the purposes of the conspirators against the people, the source from which they emanate will not excuse those who basely obey them.

### Political Trading on Northern Sympathies.

There is not a man in Georgia, or the South, with a particle of chivalrous feeling in his moral composition, who would not scorn to prostitute the occasion of the beautiful and touching ceremony of decorating soldiers' graves to political or partisan account.

The late occasion of decorating the graves of the soldiers at Andersonville was inaugurated, as we understand, by a single incident to detract from the sanctity and touching character of the scene. Yet, the attempt has been made to give a political aspect to it, and turn over to the account of the Governor of this State, who is in disgrace with his party, large drafts have been made by him and his party, who presume upon the credulity of the Northern people predicated upon this bogus capital.

The home organ of Governor Bullock some time ago stated that Dr. Collier, having come to Georgia an anti-Bullock Republican, went away convinced that Governor Bullock was a very much misrepresented man, because certain Republicans were not present at the recent occasion of the decoration of the graves at Andersonville—thus insinuating that a test of Republicanism in Georgia is to make a pilgrimage to Andersonville, along with Governor Bullock.

So zealous was the Governor and his partisans to impress the Northern people with the part he took in the ceremonies in memory of the dead soldiers at Andersonville, they would not await the slow movement of the mails, which would carry to the distant North the detailed account of the ceremonies, of which the Associated Press dispatches would only give the facts in general. This would not answer their purpose. The Georgia bill was pending. The Governor is under a cloud in Northern esteem. Something must be done, and done quickly, to secure the sympathy of the Northern people.

That the hypocritical part he took in the ceremonies at Andersonville might impress them favorably, while yet their hearts were full of memories and emotions aroused by the associations of decoration day, he causes a dispatch, costing twenty-four dollars and sixty cents, to be sent to Washington, on the same day, which dispatch, it is presumed, was dictated or approved by himself, as he was charged with the cost of its transmission, as will be seen from the following copy of a telegram published in his home organ on yesterday:

MACON, GA., 31st.

"*To Atlanta office:*

"Please see Governor Bullock and collect twenty-four dollars and seventy cents for Associated Press message, sent to Washington last night and not collected. Answer quick and remit amount. "WRIGHT,

"Macon, Ga., Office."

The Washington Chronicle, which has been subsidized by Governor Bullock, as proven before the Investigating Committee of the Senate, utters the following:

"It is no surprise to any one here that no report of this important occasion was permitted by the Associated Press agents of the South. A short notice which the agent at Atlanta sent as Governor Bullock's request, he was compelled next day to pay expenses of telegraphing, although it is but a few days since the wires were burdened with the accounts of decorations of rebel graves."

Now, the agent of the Associated Press in Atlanta denies the charge that "no report of this important occasion, (the decoration of graves at Andersonville,) was permitted by the Associated Press agents at the South."

Not only is the Chronicle's statement untrue, but Governor Bullock, as seen above, was permitted to telegraph what he pleased, in laudation of himself, by stipulating to pay for it. It is presumed that he or his representative stipulated to pay for it, else the charge of twenty-four dollars and sixty cents would not have been made.

When a politician presumes to trade upon the holiest feelings of a people, he ought to pay for the means he employs to render his venture a success.

It is with poor grace that he whines about it through his dear Chronicle at Washington.

The people will detect the hypocrisy which is so thinly veiled.

Dear Governor! shed a few more tears.

### The Latest News.

A man named Seitz has absconded from New York as a defaulter to the amount of a quarter of a million of dollars.

The Western Union Telegraph Company now controls 110,000 miles of wire.

The negro cadets sought to be entered at West Point were rejected on account of their color.

There is another oyster war going on in the Chesapeake between Virginians and Marylanders.

It is believed that West Virginia will go democratic this fall.

The drought is sadly damaging crops in England.

The executioners in Prussia are on a strike for more pay.

The great International Sængerfest (Song Festival) begins in Cincinnati on June 16th. Five thousand singers will be present.

The thermometer in Montreal recently marked 93 degrees in the shade.

The Homeopathic Convention, now in session at Chicago, have laid the corner-stone of the Hahneoman Homepathic College.

Over forty thousand Masons were in line at the recent grand procession of the order in New York City.

Vanderbilt, Fisk and Gould have inaugurated another great railroad war.

A post of Sisters of the Grand Army has been organized recently at Gloucester, Massachusetts.

## DECISIONS
—OF THE—
## SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

*Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, June 15.*

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

W. H. Mathews vs. James Brawing. Possessory Warrant from Webster.

McCAY, J.

The Constitution of 1868 transfers to the Ordinary not only the duties of the Inferior Court as a body, but also the duties of each member of the Court.

Judgment reversed.

Hawkins & Burke, Clark, Pickett, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

James M. Shivers vs. Armsted Goor, Abner P. Goor. Motion for new trial from Webster.

McCAY, J.

Where there was a legacy in a will "to revert to the testator's estate and then over to his daughter," in case the legatees should sue to compel an account for the testator's acts as the guardian of the legatee, and the legatees accepted the legacy and enjoyed it for six years, and there was no fraud or mistake proven:

Held, That the legatees are estopped from suing to compel the account.

Judgment reversed.

J. L. Wimberly, S. H. Hawkins, by the Reporter, for plaintiff in error.

C. B. Wootten, Hawkins and Burke, for defendant.

Dinah Paschal vs. Hector Jones. Habeas Corpus, from Dougherty.

McCAY, J.

A colored child, born before emancipation, and whilst his parents lived in what was regarded a state of wedlock, who has been acknowledged by his father as his child, is the legitimate child, not only of his mother but of his father also, and the father has the rights of a parent over him.

Judgment affirmed.

Vason & Davis, for plaintiff in error.

D. H. Pope, by John D. Pope, for defendant.

Jacob L. Cobb vs. F. B. Morris, executor, etc. Motion for new trial from Randolph.

McCAY, J,

Whether an award be illegal or not upon its face, is a question of law for the court, and is not an issue to be submitted to a jury.

2. In an issue formed upon an allegation that an award of arbitrators was made under a mistake of the arbitrators, the general merits of the controversy are not in issue, and it falls upon the party attacking the award to show the fact of the mistake, and it is not enough to show that the weight of testimony is against the award, and from thence infer a mistake.

3. When there is a suit pending, and one of the parties dies, and the controversy is submitted to arbitration, between the survivor and the representative of the deceased, and there is an issue formed in the Superior Court, under the statute to prevent the award from being made the judgment of the court, the surviving party is not a competent witness for himself.

Judgment affirmed.

B. S. Worrill, J. S. Wimberly, for plaintiff in error.

H. Fielder for defendant.

Green Kitchens vs. The State. Assault with intent to murder, from Lee.

McCAY, J.

A charge of the Judge, in a criminal case, that if certain facts are proven, the prisoner is guilty, is not error, if the charge is supported by the proof.

Judgment affirmed.

Fred H. West by W. A. Hawkins, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for the State.

John H. David, next friend, etc., vs. Southwestern Railroad Company. Case from Randolph.

McCAY, J.

If a widow die pending a suit by her for the homicide of her husband, the rights of action for such homicide survives to the children, and in such last suit the measure of damages is the injury to the children, to be measured, as in the case of the widow, by a reasonable support for them, according to the condition in life, etc., of the father, and according to the expectation of his life as found by the mortuary tables.

Judgment reversed.

E. L. Dougiass, H. Fielder, for plaintiff in error.

A. Hood, Lyon, deGraffenreid & Irvin, for defendant.

☞ Cardinal Antonelli, in his dispatch to the Nuncio at Paris, says:

It results from these principles that, if not in the infallibility of the Church embraces—but not in the sense indicated by the French dispatch—all that is necessary to the preservation of the integrity of the faith, no prejudice can accrue therefrom to science, history or politics. The prerogative of infallibility is not an unknown fact in the Catholic world. At all times the supreme magistracy of the Church has dictated the rules of faith without the internal arrangements of States being interfered with, and without their princes seeing just cause for alarm. They, indeed, wisely appreciating the influence of these regulations in the light of good order and civilized society, often constituted themselves the avengers and defenders of the doctrines defined, and obtained the full and respectful observance of the same by means of their royal concurrence.

And he further says:

By virtue of its authority the Church does not interfere in any direct and absolute manner in the constitutive principles of governments, in the forms of different civil regimes, in the political rights of citizens, in their duties with respect to the State, and other matters pointed out in the Minister's note. But no society can exist without a supreme principle as regulator of the morality of its actions and its laws. Such is the sublime mission confided by God to the Church, with a view to the happiness of nations, and without requiring for the accomplishment of this ministry interference with the free and prompt action of governments. It is, in fact, the Church that in inculcating the principle of rendering to God the things that belong to God, and to Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, imposes at the same time upon her children the obligation to obey conscientiously the authority of princes. But these should in their turn remember that if they issue laws contrary to the principles of eternal justice, to obey them would not be to render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, but to purloin from God the things that are His.

Politics in America need not exercise itself about religion. And, on the other hand, religious denominations would do well to eschew politics altogether.

DISCOVERY OF A WONDER.—A subterranean inlet to Great Salt Lake has been found opposite Corinne, and between Fremont and Kimball Islands. The schooner Pioneer, Captain Hannah, sailing in the vicinity last Tuesday, was drawn into the opening, which is an immense maelstrom or stupendous whirpool, and the descent or circular motion of the waters was so rapid and violent that the vessel was made to spin around in it with frightful felocity, and it was only by a high wind prevailing at the time that she was enabled to sail beyond the influence of the awful chasm. Captain Hannah reports that he has no doubt whatever that this opening, which has never before been discovered, is the grand outlet of the lake. A party of scientific men will leave here immediately, on the steamer Kate Conners to investigate this greatest of wonders. The result will probable show how, for ages, the accumulation from a thousand mountain streams has disappeared through the earth's surface.

BAD NEWS FOR ASSISTANT ASSESSORS.—A high official of the Internal Revenue Bureau says of the income tax bill, that the increased exemption and the reduction of the tax in the new bill would bring the estimated revenue from this source down to about eighteen millions, and that the fifteen hundred special Assistant Assessors, who are appointed annually for three or four months' service to assess the incomes, can be dispensed with, because the exemptions leave so few people in a district liable for income tax that the regular Assistant Assessors will be sufficient, especially as it is the custom with these regular Assistant Assessors to sit in their offices and wait for the income assessments to be handed in, instead of going after and hunting them up. The result, he thinks, will be a trifling assessment, leaving nothing but a remnant of the former amount to collect, so that in his opinion it would be better to wipe it out altogether.

### Personal.

Miss Nellie French, walkist of Indiana, made nine and a half miles inside of two hours.

A young mulatto girl, of reputed beauty, is being trained for the stage by a retired actor, once of great celebrity. She is reputed to be studying Cleopatra.

Brigham Young has issued a notice to tobacco chewers, that if they choose to chew in a manner disastrous to the tabernacle floors, they will be promptly ejected by the gentlemanly sexton.

The Cornhill Magazine says of the Duke of Wellington, that no man who can fairly be called great, ever had a narrower escape from stupidity.

Mr. Charles Mathews, the comedian, is now in Melbourne, Australia, where he is the recipient of distinguished honors, several festivals having been given in his honor, and his first appearance on the Australian stage was a great success.

Sam Allis, of Blackford county, Indiana, thought it would be amusing to play ghost the other evening. He appeared to a farmer who "strikes five hundred from the shoulder," and was carried home in a blanket.

The late M. Villemain, of the French Academy, incurred the displeasure of the first Napoleon because he indignantly refused to prepare a revised edition of the classics from which should be omitted all maxims which were opposed to imperialism.

### Feminine.

Miss Ida Bowles claims that a woman is perfect, and man imperfect, because he lost a rib.

Many a woman who has forced herself into the matrimonial market, wishes, when too late, that she had not been so badly sold.

Eugenie has given a statue of Columbus to the Republic of Columbia, and they think it preferable to a live Maximilian.

The Countess Pourtales, by birth, Miss Halleday, of California, who eclipsed all Paris in the matter of expensive lace last winter, is to spend the summer at Newport.

Connecticut is to refer all petitions for female suffrage to a committee of bachelors and widowers, who will respectively disagree on the subject to the end of time.

"My dear," said the sentimental Mrs. Waddles, "home, you know, is always the dearest spot on earth." "Well—yes," said the practical Mr. Waddles, "it does cost me about twice as much as any other spot."

Miss Caroline V. Hutchins, appointed teacher of vocalization and chorus-singing in the normal and high schools of this city, is said to be the first woman ever commissioned to wield the baton of leadership at the head of an orchestra.

A strong-minded lady refers, as an example of the unfairness with which her sex are treated, that while it is a very common thing to hear of city chamberlains who receive their thousands of dollars a year, no one ever yet heard of a city chambermaid.

CURE FOR THE WHOOPING COUGH.—A physician writes to Demorest's Monthly Magazine an interesting communication on the nature and treatment of whooping cough, and adds:

"The remedy for the cure of this terrible disease is simple. It is in reach and procurable by all. Perhaps its very simplicity will cause it to be neglected. It is simply to administer the decoction or infusion of the common *castanea vesca*, chestnut leaves; or, if better understood, chestnut leaves tea. The infusion is prepared in the ordinary manner that tea is daily prepared for domestic purposes, to-wit: Pour one quart of boiling water on one ounce of the chestnut leaves, and keep covered. When cold, an ordinary teacupful may be given three or four times a day; the last at the time of the patient retiring to rest for the night. Sugar and milk may be added, if necessary, to deceive the patient.

CHILDREN GAMBLING HELLS.—They have a new invention in London. The police there have discovered a private "hell" for little boys, and Mr. Thomas Burns, of No. 26 Wilson street, Finsbury square, has been held to answer for allowing his premises to be used for the purpose. It actually appears that youthful sinners of from 9 to 15 years of age have been in the habit of gathering at Mr. Burns' [illegible] and gambling for money. This beats young America hollow. We have apparently had something like a Juvenile Burglars' and Footpads' Society in New York, if we may judge from recent events and disclosures, but a private gambling house for children is a novelty to which, with all our progress, we certainly can thus far supply no parallel.

AN IMPORTANT INVENTION.—A contrivance for filling locomotives with water at full speed, was applied successfully on the Hudson River Railroad. A tank is sunk between the tracks and filled with water, from which, by the aid of a pipe dropped at the proper time, the water is forced into the tender. Upward of sixteen hundred gallons were in this wise forced into tenders the engine going at a rate of thirty-five miles an hour.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES*

### Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Revenue to-day nearly $1,250,000.

The Freedman's Corruption Investigation has closed. The committee will carefully overhaul the evidence, which will probably take the balance of the session. The case was closed with a long statement by Chief Functionary Howard.

Admiral Lee succeeds Poor in command of the North Atlantic Squadron, headquarters in Cuban waters.

### Congressional.

A bill to grant land to a Florida Railroad was passed.

A bill was introduced restraining the North Pacific Road from contracting any obligations beyond fifty millions.

The abolition of the franking privilege was discussed to recess.

The Senate is in session to-night.

In the House the Currency bill was considered. It is the first, second, tenth and eleventh sections of the bill which was lost a few days since, and provides the first for issuing of 95 million dollars of National bank notes; the second cancels forty-five and one-half millions at 3 per cent., and thirty-nine and one-half million of greenbacks. It takes twenty-five million from the States having an excess, and distributes it in the West and South, but not till after ninety-five millions have been issued. The fourth section allows the banks in a State having an excess to remove to a State in deficiency, taking with it its capital, circulation, etc.

An amendment, forbidding the cancellation of greenbacks, was adopted by 73 to 44.

The bill finally, after rejection and many amendments, passed, 98 to 81.

The bill goes before the Senate.

The debate in the House to-day, on the Cuban resolutions, was exciting and more than heretofore animated, especially between Butler and Logan, the former opposing the declaration of belligerency, and the latter advocating it.

Bingham offered an amendment to one of the sections, which he desired to submit as a substitute.

The previous question was seconded, and as that presented a new phase of the matter, bringing up the question as unfinished business to-morrow, the House adjourned, after a session of eight hours.

Bingham's amendment authorizes the President to use good offices in restoring peace between the Cubans and Spaniards.

It is thought that this will prevail as a compromise.

No one presumes to guess the result of to-morrow's proceedings, both sides being very stern in their respective positions. Banks yesterday intimated that Caleb Cushing wrote part of the President's Cuban message, but this is altogether a mistake, that gentleman having nothing to do with it. No one outside of the Executive Department had any knowledge of the message being prepared until the document itself was transmitted to Congress.

The President to-day said, while he sympathized with the Cubans and all people struggling for independence, he would not be controlled by his mere feelings or sympathies, but would, in dealing with foreign powers, respect treaties, and, as the Executive, faithfully carry out laws and uphold and defend the Constitution.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Red Cloud speaks to-morrow at Cooper Institute.

The Quaker commission presse Red Cloud the seventeen horses which Cox refused.

BOSTON, June 15.—Hon. Thomas D. Elliott is dead.

MOSES WINGATE, of Haverhill, died to-day, aged 100 years and 9 months.

### NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The following is the text of Bingham's compromise:

Resolved, That the President is hereby authorized to remonstrate against the barbarous manner in which the war in Cuba has been conducted; and, if he shall deem it expedient, to solicit the co-operation of other governments, in such a manner as he may deem necessary, to secure from both the contending parties an observance of the laws of war recognized by all the civilized nations.

### FOREIGN.

LONDON, June 15.—In the House of Commons last night, Gladstone replying to a motion to revise the Bible, said the Government had carefully considered the question and thought it better to leave the subject to ecclesiastical authorities. The revision of the Bible was of dubious vitality and untimely. At length the motion was withdrawn, and soon after the House adjourned.

The members of the Monarch Insurance Company, which recently failed, have been committed to jail on a charge of fraud.

In the House of Lords last night, Granville moved and seconded the reading of the Irish Land bill. He said, refraining from partisan topics, he would simply demonstrate the necessity for this legislation. The law, as it stood, was confessedly unsatisfactory. The tenure of land in Ireland was insecure and abrupt; evictions without compensation for improvements were common. Landlords had their grievances too. Rents were lower and their payment less certain in Ireland than any other country in Europe, while the interest on bonds and mortgages was greater.

He referred to the difficulties landlords had with their tenants, and outrages which resulted; he analyzed the previous attempts at legislation on this subject. Finally, the settlement was now sought for; it had been impossible hitherto, but now it was possible. He proceeded to show that the tendency of the present scheme was to produce prosperity, order and peace.

Richmond denied that there was any necessity for the bill; read a number of letters to prove that landlords were all gentlemen. Exceptions were possible, but too few to warrant the present legislation. After urging other objections, the noble lord said he should not oppose the measure for fear worse would follow its rejection, but he hoped certain amendments, which he suggested, would be adopted.

Russell advocated the passage without further amendments.

Dufferin said large landlords defended the provisions as they stood, and he deprecated any alteration.

Salisbury spoke against Kimberly for the bill.

Lord Monck supported the measure in general, but took exceptions to some details. Adjourned without action.

PARIS, June 15.—A meeting of the members of the Left Centre party in the Corps Legislatif was called to take action on the St. Gothard Railroad. After an interchange of views, it was decided not to oppose its construction, which is a joint undertaking of Prussia, Baden, Switzerland, and Bavaria, but to request the French Government also to take an interest in the railway.

It is reported by good authority that the Princess of Orleans advances 600,000 francs to the purchase of the Galla Roman Amphitheatre recently discovered in Rue Mongicu, in this city, which the Government refused to buy.

The journal official contains the following nominations: Viscount Gueronniere, Ambassador to Constantinople; Count Armand, Ambassador to Lisbon; J. Berthemy, Ambassador to Brussels; Prevost Paradol, Ambassador to Washington; Bellinet Secretary of the second class, at Washington, and DeNormed Secretary of the third class.

OTTOWA, June 15.—Hon. A. Campbell goes to England to lay the whole Fenian business before the Government.

### HYMENEAL.

WYLLY—FIELD—Married, on the 15th instant, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. R. H. Goodman, on Luckie street, by Rev. Dr. Wilson, Mr. ROBERT E. WYLLY, of Savannah, to Miss SALLIE FIELD, of Cobb county, Georgia.

## *Special Notices.*

☞ SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE—GEORGIA RAILROAD—AUGUSTA, June 13th, 1870.

NOTICE TO THOSE ATTENDING THE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

College exercises will commence this year as follows:

At Covington, Sunday, June 19th.
At Oxford, Sunday, July 17th.
At Penfield, July 10th.
At Athens, Sunday, July 31st.

All parties desiring to attend will be passed for ONE FARE, full fare Ticket to be purchased TICKET FREE.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

☞ Athens, Greenesboro, Covington, Washington, Madison and Atlanta papers please copy to August 1st. june16-dtaugl

☞ THREE BEAUTIFUL BUILDing Lots on College Hill; ¼ cash, balance on time. For sale at PECK, DESAULLES & CO.'s. june11-dlw

## *New Advertisements.*

## 33 VILLA LOTS
### AT AUCTION,

ON the premises, at 11 o'clock, A. M., FRIDAY, the FIRST day of JULY, 1870.

☞ These Lots are in HURTVILLE, on the Georgia Railroad, 2¼ miles from the center of the GATE CITY.

☞ Special attention of Capitalists invited to this "inauguration sale" of Villa Lots in Hurtville.

Plat of the property can be seen at our office, next to James' Bank, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Terms—One-third cash; balance 60 and 90 days, without interest.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
june16-d3t Real Estate Agents.

## LOST,

A BLACK LETTER-BOOK, containing a few business letters, Railroad passes, and two notes payable to me. The book is worthless to any one except myself. If left at the Atlanta Ice House, the finder will be liberally rewarded.

june16-dlw P. PELHAM.

## THE FIRST NEW FLOUR
### IN MARKET.

WE are receiving to-day a few half sacks of choice Family Flour, made from this season's (new) Wheat, from J. J. Cohen's celebrated Mill, Rome, Georgia. We have been selling Flour from Cohen's Mill for four years and can recommend it as strictly choice.

A. J. WEST & CO.,
june16-d1t Wholesale Dealers,
Peachtree Street.

## HAVING FITTED UP A FIRST-CLASS
## Machine Shop,
## IN KNOXVILLE,

We are prepared to make to order

*Sash, Blinds, Doors,*
—AND—
## MOLDING,

In the best style and at prices to suit the times. All ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED and shipped to any point on the different railroads leading out of Knoxville.

TALWATER & AMBROSE,
june16-d3m Knoxville, Tennessee.

## J. W. GANT,
## Produce and Commission
## MERCHANT.
## Knoxville, - - Tennessee.

PURCHASES ON ORDER Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Dried Fruit, Feathers, etc., etc.

Refers to all the principal merchants in Georgia. J. W. GANT.
june16-d3m

## G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

I WILL SELL, upon the premises, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, 17th instant, at five o'clock, (cool of the day,)

### FOUR WELL SITUATED RESIDENCE LOTS

On that well-known Block, corner of Luckie and Alexander streets, between Colonel Jos. Mills, Captain Hendricks, Ed. Murphy, Major McAfee and others. This is a commanding situation, in a fine neighborhood and all the lots lie well. Plat in my office. Sale positive. Terms cash. No postponement on account of weather. Examine the lots and attend the sale.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
june16-d2t No. 36 Alabama Street.

## Money! Money!

THE Right of Skating Rink for the City of Savannah, Georgia, with one hundred pairs Skates, nearly all in good order, can be bought for cash, or exchange for improved Real Estate anywhere in the State.

Apply to WALLACE & FOWLER,
june15-d3t Real Estate Agents,
Atlanta, Georgia.

## For Rent,

A NEW COTTAGE of seven rooms, with servants' house, situated on Collins street, only one block from and in full view of City Park. A desirable place. Apply to J. C. PECK,
june15-dlw Office of New Hotel.

## WANTED.

A No. 1 PLUMBER AND GAS FITTER. None but a first-class mechanic need apply.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH.

☞ Charleston Courier copy and send bill to this office.

Atlanta, Ga., June 16, 1870—d3t

## TWO DELIGHTFUL NEW MUSIC BOOKS.
### Pianoforte Gems.

A NEW COLLECTION of the latest favorite Nocturnes, Waltzes, Polkas, Marches, Schottisches, Redowas, Four-Hand Pieces, Quadrilles, etc., just issued in one book complete.

## THE WREATH OF GEMS.

A New Collection of the most popular Songs, Ballads and Duets, of the day, with an accompaniment for the Pianoforte. Prices of each: Boards, $2.50. cloth, $3.00. Cloth, full gilt, $4.00. Sent postpaid on receipt of price. DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. 711 Broadway, New York. june15-d3w

## SEASON, 1870.
## MONTVALE SPRINGS,
## Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.

The most marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.

Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure-seeker, no less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.

Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.

Daily Coaches, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.

Board per day $2 50; per week $15 00; per month, $60 00.

Address, for descriptive pamphlets,
june15-d3m JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
Knoxville, Tennessee.

## Warehouse and Commission
## BUSINESS.

THE undersigned has taken possession of the WAREHOUSE, corner of Hunter and Pryor Streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strong & Co., and will receive on storage Cotton, Produce, and goods consigned to him. Mr. P. E. McDaniel will remain in charge of the Warehouse for the present and give his personal attention to the business. GEO. SCHAEFER.

Atlanta, Ga., June 15, 1870—d3w

## LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

I WILL RENT A BOARDING HOUSE, with twelve or fifteen rooms—not fine but comfortable—for Forty Dollars per month, on the corner of Alabama and Forsyth Streets.

Apply to B. G. KELLEY,
june15-dlw No. 1 Granite Block.

## Important Notice.

BY the death of the late Hon. HENRY CLAY MILLER, Mr. HARRY MILLER, who is at present engaged in selling Gas Burners or Fixtures, somewhere in Georgia or Alabama, has fallen heir, by will, to the estate of Judge Miller, valued at about

## *Ten Million Dollars.*

The last heard from Mr. Miller he had left Savannah for Atlanta, or some of the cities in Georgia or Alabama. If this meets his eye, he will please confer immediately with

J. E. SIMONS,
Attorney at Law,
june15-dlw 81 Chambers Street, New York.

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.

AT the first regular Term of the Court after the expiration of four weeks from the date of this notice, applicant will be made to the Court of Ordinary of said county for leave to sell the land belonging to the estate of William A. Hamilton, late of said county deceased.

Z. L. HAMILTON, Adm'r,
june16-wtds with the will annexed.

## MERCHANDISE TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE.

$5.000 TO $15,000 worth of New Goods in original packages. Dress Goods, Trimmings, etc., at New York prices and costs, for good renting property in Atlanta or Macon at Cash prices. Address

EXCHANGE BOX 124,
june8-dtf Atlanta P. O.

## Carpets and Curtains.

OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,

WINDOW SHADES AND CORNICES,

RUGS, MATS, ETC., ETC.

Closing out our immense Stock at a vast reduction in price. S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
june8-dtf Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

## GUNNY BAGGING, BAGS, Etc.

THE Undersigned, Importers and Manufacturers of Bagging and Bags, offer for sale, in lots to suit purchasers,

500 Bales Borneo Bagging, to arrive per "Carisbrooke Castle."
250 Bales Borneo Bagging, to arrive per "Ocean Mail."
500 Bales Standard India, to arrive per "Ocean Mail."
5000 Roll Domestic Bagging.

Our double Phœnix Jute Bagging took the premium at the Georgia State Fair held at Macon last year. All kinds of Burlap Bags for Fertilizers and Grains. WM. B. OOOPER, JR. & CO.,
No. 99 Pearl, and 62 Stone sts., New York.
june7-deod3m

## *Improved Cotton Gins!*
## Brook's Cotton Press!
## LEVER HORSE POWERS!
## Threshing Machines!
### The Winship Cotton Gin!

WE are now manufacturing a very superior Cotton Gin, with many VALUABLE IMPROVEMENTS, which, for style of workmanship, LIGHT DRAFT and FAST GINNING, can not be surpassed North or South. All parts MADE OF IRON where the same is essential to durability. We use a SELF OILING BOX which has many advantages over any other heretofore in use, and from long experience in this branch of business, flatter ourselves that we understand the wants of the Cotton Planter. Every Gin warranted.

Price, delivered on board the cars $4.00 per Saw.

OLD GINS REPAIRED and put in good running order.

Address: WINSHIP & BRO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

### The Brook's Cotton Press!

WE shall continue to manufacture the celebrated WROUGHT IRON Cotton Screw Press, which has now an established reputation as being THE BEST COTTON PRESS ever offered to the public. It took the FIRST PREMIUMS at the State Fairs of Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee, and any amount of Testimonials from Planters, who have used them in use, showing their superiority over all other Presses. We have perfected some VERY IMPORTANT improvements in this Press (which we shall give our customers without additional cost to former users) by using improved friction balls and chilled grooves in the parts most liable to wear (formerly made of cast iron). We have also added considerable to the size and strength of the Irons. Our Screw Pins are made of refined wrought iron 2¾ inches diameter, 6½ feet long (formerly 3½ inches, iron and 6 feet long,) and are threaded so as to pack a bale in TWO THIRDS THE TIME formerly taken. Complete set of Irons, including bolts, with full directions, for putting up, $120.00.

WINSHIP & BRO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

### OUR IMPROVED LEVER HORSE POWER!

THIS Horse Power has met with such unprecedented success, and given such UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION during the last season, that we have determined to abandon all others in its favor. It gives PLENTY OF SPEED, and for EASY DRAFT can not be excelled. It is light, portable and convenient, and admirably adapted to FIELD THRESHING AND GINNING, and last but not least IT IS DURABLE. Warranted as represented. Price, 2 and 4-horse, $150.00; 4 and 6-horse, $250.00.

WINSHIP & BRO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

## Threshing Machines!

ALL in want of a good IRON DRUM SELF-OILING BOX, STRAW THRESHING that will thresh a BUSHEL PER MINUTE and get it out clean, will do well to call on us before buying. THRESHERS from $90.00 to $125.00, according to size. PATENT FAN MILLS $40 to $60. We also keep ordinary GIN GEARING, from 7 to 12 feet and SUGAR MILLS in stock at lowest market rates.

## Engines and Saw Mills,

And

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 16.

## Index to New Advertisements.

Thirty-three Villa Lots—Bell & Hammock.
First New Flour in Market—A. J. West & Co.
First-class Machine Shop—Tarwater & Ambrose.
Fertilizer and Commission Merchant—J. W. Gantt.
College Commencements—S. K. Johnson.
Lost—Peter Pelham.
Four well situated Residence Lots—G. W. Adair.
For Rent—J. C. Peck.
Wanted—Hunnicutt & Bellingrath.
Money—Wallace & Fowler.

A PETRO OIL man rides around town in a magnificent turnout, putting on Ayres (airs) because he is getting popular.

THE "Pride of Dixie" is a superior brand of Flour, manufactured at the Atlanta City Mills, of which J. E. Butler is proprietor. Go for it.

FIRST NEW FLOUR IN MARKET.—Messrs. A. J. West & Co. announce choice flour from new wheat from Cohen's celebrated mills at Rome. This flour sustains an excellent reputation in this market.

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.—Colonel S. K. Johnson, Superintendent of the Georgia Railroad, announces in another column that parties visiting the College commencements at Covington, Oxford, Penfield and Athens, will be carried for one fare.

CONSIGNEES PER MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD, JUNE 15.—A. W. Mitchell, K. Myrick & Co., H. Franklin, Meador & Bro., Glenn & Wright, McBride & Co., B. F. Wyly, Moore & Marsh, Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Winship & Bro., John Ryan, G. A. Jeffers, G. W. Jack, W. Hrskine & Co., D. Fechter, J. Warlick, J. D. Edge, R. M. Rose & Co.

WE SAW an Alabama street merchant yesterday engaged in prosecuting a "sharp and quick" war against the flies. He sprinkled some syrup on the floor, then a quantity of gunpowder, and when a legion or two of flies would gather round the 'lasses, he'd touch a lighted stick to the powder and say "Shoo Fly." But the flies would'nt shoo worth a cent, for they would be lying on the floor defunct.

THE way-freight on the Georgia Road, yesterday, was delayed an hour in consequence of the engine Oglethorpe running off on the Stone Mountain and Trickum near Winningham's crossing. The run-off was caused by the curve being too short. The Directors of the Stone Mountain and Trickum Road suspended at once the Chief Engineer. The Oglethorpe was the first engine that ran over the road, and John W. Bell the first conductor.

THE GREEN LINE CONVENTION.—This body met yesterday. Colonel L. P. Grant in the Chair, and R. C. Robson, Secretary. The meeting was harmonious. Among those present we noticed Colonel E. W. Cole, President N. & C. Railroad; Colonel G. H. Mazichurst, President M. & B. Railroad; Captain A. J. White, President M. & W. Railroad; General W. McRae, Superintendent M. & B. Railroad; Major C. W. Anderson, General Freight Agent N. & C. Railroad; W. H. Smith, General Freight Agent L. & N. Railroad; Edgar Vliet, General Freight Agent S. D. & Railroad; J. M. Selkirk, Superintendent Rome Railroad; Captain G. J. Forcaere, Superintendent, M. & W. P. Railroad; Colonel S. K Johnson, Superintendent Georgia Railroad; Colonel L. P. Grant, Superintendent A. & W. P. Railroad; Governo r R. B. Bullock, ex-officio President W. & A. Railroad; J. Pope, Freight Agent W. & A. Railroad; E. A. Werner, Freight Agent G. & S. C. Railroad; T. E. Walker, Claim Agent Green Line; R. C. Robson, General Agent Green Line.

Captain W. J. Ross, Superintendent N. & C. Railroad, is in the city in the interests of his road.

SUPREME COURT—*Evening Session.*—ATLANTA, GA., June 15, 1870.—No. 13 (continued case) was argued. It is Peter L. Mahone, administrator, vs. David L. Howard, et al. Equity, from Talbot.

Marion Bethune, for plaintiff in error.
Willis & Willis and J. W. Matthews, for defendant.

No. 14 (continued case) was argued. It is John Burden vs. Carhart & Brothers. Complaint, from Talbot.

No. 30 (continued case) was argued. It is G. H. Brown vs. The State. Indictment for keeping gaming table, from Muscogee.

Thomas W. Grimes, Jr., Ramsey & Ramsey, for plaintiff.

C. J. Thornton, Solicitor General, by Mark Blanford, for the State.

The first case on the Chattahoochee Circuit to this term is Joseph T. Beck vs. John L. Smith. Complaint, from Marion. Was put to the head of this Circuit because of B. B. Hinton's absence, it being suggested that he is sick.

No. 3 is N. A. Smith, et al., vs. A. V. Boatrite, et al. Equity, from Marion.

B. B. Hinton, for plaintiff in error.

P. Peabody & Brannon, for defendant.

It was dismissed, because the bill of exception did not distinctly specify the errors complained of.

No. 8 is Y. D. Sales vs. The Ordinary of Chattahoochee county. Case, from Chattahoochee.

Argued by Peabody & Brannon, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

Court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

CHATTANOOGA, June 14, 1870.—*Editor Constitution:* The committee now investigating the administration of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, left Atlanta yesterday (Monday) morning, 8:15, on a special train which they had provided for their accommodation, while making this investigation. They have in the train a palace sleeping car, in which they lodge, and also have their meals prepared and furnished on the train. They are thus less hindered, and their labors greatly facilitated, and can devote much more time to the business in hand than if they had to seek lodging and meals at the various points where they will have to stop, and will, also, avoid being either hurried or delayed, as they doubtless would be, if dependent, in their movements from point to point, on the regular passenger trains.

The committee are accompanied by several members of the Legislature, a few officers of the Road, whose presence is required by the committee, and by a few citizens of Atlanta.

The special train reached here about 5, P. M., yesterday—all in fine trim, except Hon. R. W. Phillips, who was indisposed when the train left Atlanta, and has been so unwell as not to be able to attend to any duty, remaining at his room, but at this writing—6 P. M.—is considerably improved.

Early this morning all hands went to the top of Lookout Mountain. The day has been remarkably fine, being clear and pleasant, and all enjoyed the unrivaled scenery which is spread out before the eye from a hundred points of the summit. The turnpike by which it is reached is the best mountain ascent I ever saw. On the top of this rugged elevation, there are two good hotels, several fine residences, a number of neat cottages for summer residences for persons who desire to "keep cool" during the hot season, a superior school of wide celebrity which is well patronized, and some fine farms. The mountain, with its wonders and numerous points of rare interest, I will not attempt to describe, but will leave this task to abler pens.

The wheat crop in this section is being harvested, and is remarkably good. The ears are large and well filled, and the fields are thickly decked with shocks of golden grain, insuring a rich reward to the husbandman and greatly relieving the people in the matter of a supply of breadstuffs.

This is a town of mud and dirt. It presents but few attractions. It has no improvements going on, except the different railroad shops, etc., while many costly buildings, brick and frame, are dilapidated, unoccupied, except by bats and rats, and going to destruction. This is in striking contrast with Atlanta, where such large numbers of new buildings, both stores and residences, are going up, and where an unoccupied building of any kind can hardly be found, and none exist, of any class, which are abandoned and going to decay. This point is one great a railroad centre as Atlanta, and why it should not have equal energy and prosperity is not readily perceivable. Its citizens are slow in their movements, and no one seems to be in a hurry; while the people of Atlanta on the streets are always in a pressing strain.

One member of the committee (Mr. Maxwell) was detained at his home unavoidably, and did not arrive until this evening. It was on account of his absence, and Mr. Phillips' sickness, that the committee went to the Mountain this morning, but little has been done to-day, further than a general inspection of the buildings of the Road and other property of the State at this point. The steamboat Resaca is lying at the landing needing repairs, and the Mary Bird is sunk in the river below this point. Both these vessels are the property of the State. No doubt the committee will recommend that something be done with them.

It is hoped Mr. Phillips will be well by morning. The committee intend then going earnestly to work in their investigations at this point. As soon as this is completed, they will return to Atlanta, stopping at several points on the way in discharge of their present duties.

Rumor has it a number of witnesses are summoned to appear before them in Atlanta on Monday morning next. REPORTER.

EAST POINT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. This Society was re-organized on Saturday, by the election of T. J. Fortson, President, and Charles Dowman, Secretary. Mr. Stephen Neal gave his views on the management of growing crops. He recommended shallow culture, supposing the land to have been well broken previous to planting. As trees did not grow better for having their roots cut, neither would cotton, nor any other crop grow from having their "feeder" roots cut by plowing close to the plant. He thought the Dixon sweep preferable to any other plow for the cultivation of corn or cotton. In response to the Secretary, Mr. Neal said he considered the spring as the best season for breaking and turning land with a two-horse plow, unless there is a large amount of vegetable matter on it. Where vegetable matter is absent the winter rains pack the earth together.

Mr. Dowman could not agree with Mr. Neal in regard to the best time of plowing. He was clearly of the opinion that land should be broken up in the spring with a two-horse plow. The freezes during the winter are sufficient to pulverize the clods. Last fall he had a piece of land plowed in the English style—island with water furrows on each side. This plat is now easily cultivated. Another plat broken up in the spring is not so easy in consequence of the clods. Had the land been broken up in the fall the clods would have been pulverized by the severe frosts. Scooter plows will make the ground hard. A man who breaks up his land with anything less than a two-horse plow is not acting wisely.

Mr. Neal—Mr. Dixon plows in the spring.

S. A. Echols, Editor of the Rural Southerner, remarked that that fact would almost prejudice his mind against such a course, for however much it might benefit Mr. Dixon, it was ruinous to the South.

Mr. Echo's urged systematic order in the discussion of subjects, and recommended that inquiries and observations be presented in writing to the Secretary. To promote this, he offered a premium of $10 in gold to be awarded to the member handing to the Secretary by the meeting in December, the largest number of written inquiries or suggestions for the consideration of the Society.

After a harmonious meeting, the Society adjourned until Saturday, before the 2d Sabbath in July, (the 9th.) We are indebted to Andrew J. Beck, Esq., the talented Associate Editor of the Rural Southerner, for the above information.

MONTVALE SPRINGS.—The Montvale Springs are situated near the western base of the Chilhowee Mountains, in the county of Blount, East Tennessee, nine miles from the town of Maryville, and twenty-four from the city of Knoxville. Their elevation is near 1,600 feet above the level of the sea.

Montvale has been long a favorite summer resort for those residing in its vicinity, and who were acquainted with the medical effect of its waters; in fact, before the country was settled by the whites, the Cherokees regarded this watering-place as a health-inspiring spring, and made annual encampments in the immediate neighborhood acknowledged and appreciated. Their former proprietor, Colonel Asa Watson, traveling in the mountainous regions of East Tennessee, in search of health, during the summer of 1850, casually learned of their remarkable efficacy in chronic diarrhœa and dyspepsia—under which he had suffered for a number of years—and visited them at once; he proved their sanative powers in his own case, because fully restored, and purchased the farm upon which the springs are situated, and set about a series of improvements of such a character as to accommodate the large number of visitors he knew would be attracted to the springs as soon as their virtues should become generally known. In carrying out his design, Colonel Watson erected a large and commodious hotel, with wide piazzas on each story, running the entire length of the building, so constructed that the invalid need not encounter the slightest exposure to any inclemency of the weather, and at the same time affording, at all seasons, a healthy promenade to those desiring moderate exercise. In addition to this hotel, Colonel Watson has built numerous cottages, all of which are tastefully arranged on the lawn in front of the main building, so situated as to be easily accessible both from the springs and from the hotel. The structures are well designed and extensive, being amply sufficient for the recommodation of four hundred visitors. These improvements, together with offices, stables, carriage-houses, and shops of various sorts, are all situated in a beautiful glen of the Chilhowee Mountains, and stop to the Springs the air and [illegible] of a village [illegible] umbrageous sugar-maples and other majestic forest trees shade the whole from the midday sun, and render Montvale truly a delightful retreat during the summer solstice. See advertisement.

## Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Cotton dull; sales 1,000 bales; middling uplands 21¼; Orleans 22½. Flour—State and Western 10a20c better; State 5 35a5 50; Western 5 35a 6 95; Southern firmer at 6 50a10 00. Wheat 2a4c better. Corn 2a3 better. Beef and pork steady. Lard firmer; kettle 16¼a16½. Whisky steady at 1 05¾. Rice firm; Carolina 8a8¾. Sugar and coffee quiet and firm. Molasses quiet. Naval stores dull.

Money easy. Gold 113¼a1 13¼. Sterling 9⅞. Governments quiet and firm. Southern's generally steady. Stocks firm.

LATER.—Money continues easy at 3a5 on call; prime discounts 6a7. Exchange quiet and firm at 1 09⅞. Gold market strong this evening, and closed steady but dull at 1 13¼a1 13¼. Governments closed quiet and firm; 5-20 of 62s 12¼a12⅜; 64s 11¾; 65s 11¾; new 13¾; 67s 13⅜; 68s 13⅜; 10-40 8⅜. Tennessees active and firmer; old 63; new 62¼. Virginias 68; new 68. Louisianas 76½; new 72. Levee sixes 75½; eights 90½. Alabama eights 101; fives 73. Georgia sixes 88¾; sevens 95. North Carolinas 48; new 34¾. South Carolinas 92; new 85.

Sugar quiet and firm; muscovado 9¼a 9¾; fair to good refinery 9¾a9⅝; No. 12 do. 10¼. Tallow steady at 9¾a9⅞. Wool—Texas 16¼a25½ for fine; business moderate. Hides—dry Texas 15a16; good wet salted Texas 9a11.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 20¼; sales 2,750 bales; net receipts 527 bales; exports to Vera Cruz 395 bales; stock 90,762 bales.

Flour, lower grades firm at 5 12½a5 50 a5 75a7 00. Corn lower; mixed 1 10; white 1 15. Oats lower at 61a62. Bran 1 10. Hay lower; prime 23 00a24 00. Pork dull at 30 00a30 25. Bacon dull at 14½a17¼a18½. Hams 21½. Lard 16¼a19¼. Sugar, prime 11¼a11¾. Molasses scarce at 65a75. Whisky 97¼a1 10. Coffee inactive; prime 17¼a 17½.

Sterling 24¼. Sight ⅜c premium. Gold 1 13¾.

BALTIMORE, June 15.—Flour very firm and strong on Rio shipping orders. Howard street superfine 5 00a5 50. Prime to choice red wheat 1 55 to 1 65; white 1 35 to 1 42. Corn active; white 1 20 to 1 21; yellow 1 10 to 1 11. Oats and rye steady. Pork 31 00. Bacon firmer and active. Whisky dull, 1 04a1 04½.

SAVANNAH, June 15.—Cotton quiet; middlings 20¼; sales 100 bales; receipts 356 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,146 bales; stock on hand 20,308 bales.

MOBILE, June 15.—Cotton dull; middlings 20; sales 400 bales; receipts 64 bales; exports to Boston 121 bales; New Orleans 16 bales; stock on hand 34,372 bales.

GALVESTON, June 15.—Cotton quiet and weak; good ordinary 17½; sales 3,300 bales; receipts 135 bales; exports coastwise 734 bales; stock on hand 19,293 bales.

CINCINNATI, June 15.—Flour and corn unchanged. Whisky irregular. No demand for provisions. Pork 30 50; shoulders 13½; clear sides 17½.

NORFOLK, June 15.—Cotton dull with a downward tendency; low middlings 19½a 20. Receipts 46; exports, coastwise, 51; stock 1,733.

CHARLESTON, June 15.—Cotton more steady; middlings 20½a20⅝; sales 400 bales; receipts 171 bales; exports, coastwise, 732; stock on hand 7,835 bales.

AUGUSTA, June 15.—Cotton moderate at lower rates; sales 314 bales; receipts 10; middlings 19a19¾.

FRANKFORT, June 15.—Bonds opened at 95a96¾.

HAVRE, June 15.—Cotton opened declining; on spot 121½; afloat 123f.

LONDON, June 15, evening.—Consols 93¾. Bonds 90. Tallow 45s6.

LIVERPOOL, June 15, evening.—Cotton uplands 10¾a10¾; Orleans 10¾a10⅞; sales 10,000; export and speculation 1,000. Red western wheat 9s; winter 9s 10d. Beef 115 6d; Cumberland cut 57s. Short rib 63s.

PARIS, June 15.—Bourse opened declining. Rentes 73f 90c, closed 74f. 3c.

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.
ORDINARY'S OFFICE, June 13, 1870.

JOHN HUFF has applied for exemption of personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 21 day of July, 1870, at my office.

JAMES T. LAMKIN, Ordinary.
june15-d1aw3t Printer's fee $5

Local and Business Notices.

TO MILKMEN.—I have for sale at the City Mills one second-hand Smutter, Leonard Smith make; one second-hand Bolting Cloth, No. 10; also, a lot of second-hand Belting, all sizes.
je14-d1w J. E. BUTLER.

BUSINESS NOTICE.—I have taken apartments in the Franklin Printing House, on Broad street, near the bridge, for the publication of the "True Georgian."
je16-d4t SAM. BARD.

*Augusta, Ga., June 14.*

*McBride & Co.—Gents: Enclosed find $——, for the China I purchased of you last week. It came safely to hand—not a piece broken or scratched. All of our friends who have seen it are highly pleased, and think very pretty and very cheap. I hope soon to send you an order for duplicates.*

*Did not succeed so well at first with the "Eureka," but am gradually getting at the idea of proper proportions of water and coffee. All who have tried the coffee think it a grand success, so far as the flavor and taste of the coffee is concerned. Will give it a fair trial.*

*Respectfully,*
*P. T. Campbell.*

*Cheapest and simplest Fruit Jar in the Market at McBride & Co.'s.*
je16-d1f

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day. feb26-d&w6m

DR. HEBERN CLAFLIN, office 696 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, successfully treats Cancers without knife, or serious pain, in the shortest time imaginable. juneld&w1m

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Kentucky, is only three blocks from a Unitarian Church. je14-d1w

USE Equine Liniment for Rheumatism.

EQUINE REMEDIES best in the world.

FOR loss of appetite use Equine Powders.

HORSE diseases require Equine Remedies.

[illegible] Equine Remedies. je14-d1w

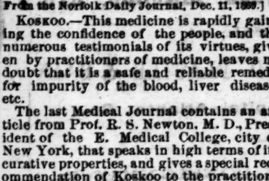
TUTT'S IMPROVED HAIR DYE is admitted on all sides to be the most simple and natural Dye ever invented; it is easily applied, does not stain the skin, leaves the hair soft and glossy, and is instantaneous in its effect. Try it and you will use no other. je14-d1w

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator, Woman's Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all irregularities of the womb vanish. It cures whites. It cures suppression of the menses. It removes uterine obstructions. It cures constipation and strengthens the system. It braces the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, as thousands of women will testify. This valuable medicine is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All respectable drug men keep it.
feb20-tf

QUESTION—Mrs. B., where can I fill this bill of Millinery and Dry Goods, etc.?

Answer—At Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. You will find there a full assortment of Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Bootees—in fact all you may call for, from a Paper of Pins to a Silk Dress. Her goods are of the latest styles, and very cheap.

CONSULT your welfare and read the advertisement headed "Bad Blood."
je5-d3m



DEMAREST & WOODRUFF
(Successors to Tomlinson-Demarest Co.)
628 & 630 Broadway, N. Y.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Carriages, Buggies, &c.
Especially adapted for the Southern Roads.
OUR STOCK COMPRISES
LIGHT VICTORIAS,
PHAETONS,
CABRIOLAS,
ROCKAWAYS
And all other styles of Fine Carriages,
For one or two horses.
TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES,
On Elliptic and Side Springs.
CONCORD BUGGIES,
MAIL HACKS & JERSEY WAGONS.
We are also Sole Manufacturers of the
WOODRUFF CONCORD BUGGY
AND
Plantation Wagon for 1, 2, 4 & 6 Horses
The best Buggy and Wagon in America for the money.
We have had an experience of thirty years in making work for the Southern States, and knew exactly what is wanted to stand the roads. We invite all to send for Circulars, and parties visiting New York will especially invite to call at our Warerooms.
We solicit the trade of merchants and dealers. Illustrated Circulars, with prices, furnished by mail
A. T. DEMAREST, N. Y.
W. W. WOODRUFF, GA.
We have also opened a branch of our establishment in Atlanta, where we expect to keep a large stock and sell at very low prices.
june1-deodly

FOR SALE OR RENT—FURNISHED. A COMMODIOUS and pleasantly situated house on McDonough street. Perfectly Furnished, good neighborhood, Fine Garden, and in first-rate order. JAMES M. BALL.
may31-d1aw3w 71 Whitehall street.

CONSTITUTION
PRINTING HOUSE!
"EXCELSIOR!"
OUR MOTTO.
Ahead of all Competition!
*Broad Street, Near Atlanta Engine House, and Opposite Post Office.*
—WITH—
New and Elegant Presses!
And a large and extensive
VARIETY OF JOB TYPE
We are prepared to do all kinds of
Book and Job Work!
In the best style and at
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES
ALL WE ASK IS A TRIAL!

Plain and Fancy Printing, in colors, such as

| | |
|---|---|
| BONDS, | CATALOGUES, |
| BANK CHECKS, | CIRCULARS, |
| BILL HEADS, | PROGRAMMES, |
| BUSINESS CARDS, | POSTERS, |
| BLANKS. | |

Anything from a Wedding Card to a Mammoth Poster!
Or from a
Railroad Ticket to a Ledger!
THE DAILY CONSTITUTION!
A Live Democratic Sheet!
Best Advertising Medium!
Through which men can bring their names and business before the public.
Circulation increasing Rapidly Every Day.
ITS MOTTO:
"Unwavering fidelity to principle better than violent denunciation;"
*PRINCIPIA NON HOMINES;*
The development of the vast natural resources of Georgia, and the advancement of the material prosperity of the whole State, from Dade to Chatham.
With Able and Experienced Editors,
"To the manor born," a
HOST OF CONTRIBUTORS!
AND CORRESPONDENTS,
The Proprietors feel no hesitancy in assuring the public that the reputation of THE CONSTITUTION as a
*LIVE NEWSPAPER!*
And an independent and out-spoken journal will be maintained. It columns will contain
Pungent Editorials!
On the topics of the day,
Local, Commercial, and General News, Agricultural, Mercantile and Political Intelligence from all Quarters.
No pains will be spared to make it a valuable and necessary companion to the Merchant, the Mechanic, the Artisan, the Professional Man, the Agriculturist and the Laborer, and suitable alike for the
Boudoir or the Counting Room, the Fireside or the Workshop!
THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION!
A large and well filled sheet, will contain the cream of the Daily, and those not having daily mail facilities, will find the Weekly a
PERFECT LUXURY!
TERMS OF THE DAILY
Are $10 00 per annum, $5 00 for six months, or $1 00 per month,
*INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.*
THE TERMS OF THE WEEKLY
are $3 00 per annum, or $2 00 for six months, payable in advance.
To all subscribers to the Daily and Weekly for twelve months, after this date, we will furnish the
RURAL SOUTHERNER,
A monthly Agricultural Journal, published in Atlanta, free of charge, for the same period.
Connected with the Constitution is one of the best
BOOK BINDERIES!
In the State.
Send in your orders for
Book Binding or Ruling;
Send in your orders for
*Book and Job Work!*
Send in your ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTION LISTS for the Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION.
Address:
W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
Proprietors, Atlanta.

ARGYLE BITTERS.

THE superiority of the above named article over any other Bitters is now admitted in every instance where a comparison has been made. The Proprietors most respectfully inform the public that the high reputation they have so justly acquired has been on their intrinsic merits alone. The ingredients used, in point of purity, excellence and medicinal qualities, can not be surpassed, imparting a richness and delicacy of flavor heretofore unequaled by any combination of medicines having any claim for the relief of the following complaints, for which the

ARGYLE BITTERS

are especially recommended, viz:

Dyspepsia, Indigestion,
Diseases of the Stomach,
Nervousness, Jaundice,
Bilious Complaints,
Costiveness, Cramps,
Flatulency, Griping Pains,
Heartburn, Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Low..ess of Spirits or Melancholy,
Pains in the Side or Back,
Sick and Nervous Headache,
Etc., Etc.

All the virtues of the true CALISAYA BARK are to be found in the ARGYLE BITTERS, making them the best Appetizer and gentle Tonic in all cases of General Debility and Derangement of the Stomach and Digestive Organs, that it is possible to produce.

Being mild in effect and pleasant to the taste, they are especially recommended to delicate females as a gentle soothing and invigorating tonic.

The following important Certificate from Dr. L. L. CRAWCOUR, an eminent Chemist and Physician of this city, speaks so favorably of the Argyle Bitters, we deem it superfluous to add anything further:

261 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS, September 1, 1869.

*Messrs. Wheelock, Finlay & Co.:*

GENTLEMEN—I have carefully examined your Argyle Bitters, and from my knowledge of their ingredients can safely recommend them as a good and reliable tonic and especially as a corrective of that morbid desire which so frequently affects those addicted to the use of ardent spirits. The chief ingredients being the best Calisaya Bark, renders them peculiarly fitted for the use of those residing in malarious districts, as they will not only act as a preventive against intermittent disease, but in a large number of cases may cure it when it has made its appearance.

L. L. CRAWCOUR, M. D.,
Prof. of Principles and Practice of Medicine, N. O. School of Medicine.

E. B. WHEELOCK,
SOLE PROPRIETOR.
WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
New Orleans.

For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD, and Dealers generally.

DISCOVERED AT LAST!
NO MORE CHILLS AND FEVER!
DR. F. WILHOFT'S
Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic

IS GUARANTEED by the Proprietors a safe, certain, speedy and effectual cure for *Fever and Ague*, Dumb Chills, Costive Chills, Bilious Remittent Fever, and all Malarious Diseases.

contains no *poison*, either vegetable or mineral. The sale of this article in the Southern States is immense. It has the indorsement of the first *Physicians* of our city and is in use in the *Charity Hospital*. A single bottle is all that is required to effect a permanent cure, and it has *never* yet been known to fail. On the proper proofs being rendered to us, we will refund the price paid if it fails to cure.

WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
New Orleans, La.
For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD, and Druggists generally. apr22-deod&w6m

WALTHAM
WATCHES!

THE extensive use of these Watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers, and Expressmen, the most exacting of watch-wearers, has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all these respects, is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.

More than 450,000 of these watches are now speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people—a proof and a guarantee of their superiority over all others.

The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham, enable them to produce watches at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch merely pay from 35 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.

We are now selling Waltham Watches at less prices in greenbacks, than the gold prices before the war. There is no other manufacture of any kind in the United States of which this can be said.

These time-pieces combine every improvement that a long experience has proved of real practical use. Having had the refusal of nearly every invention in watch-making originating in this country or in Europe, only those were finally adopted which severe testing by the most skilful artisans in our works, and long use on the part of the public, demonstrated to be essential to correct and enduring time-keeping.

Among the many improvements we would particularize:

The invention and use of a centre-pinion of peculiar construction, to prevent damage to the train by the breakage of main springs, is original with the American Watch Company, who, having had the refusal of all other contrivances, adopted Fogg's Patent pinion as being the best and faultless.

Hardened and tempered hair springs, now universally admitted by watchmakers to be the best, are used in all grades of Waltham Watches.

All Waltham Watches have dust-proof caps protecting the movement from dust and lessening the necessity of the frequent cleaning necessary in other watches.

Our new patent stem-winder, or keyless watch, is already a decided success, and a great improvement on any stem-winding watch in the American market, and by far the cheapest watch of its quality now offered to the public. To those living in portions of the United States where watchmakers do not abound, watches with the above mentioned improvements which tend to insure accuracy, cleanliness, durability and convenience, must prove invaluable.

Every watch guaranteed by the Company.

To prevent imposition, buyers should see that every watch should bear either of the following trade marks:

| | |
|---|---|
| American Watch Co | Waltham, Mass. |
| Ann Watch Co | Waltham, Mass. |
| American Watch Co., Crescent St. | Waltham, Mass. |
| Appleton, Tracy & Co | Waltham, Mass. |
| Waltham Watch Co | Waltham, Mass. |
| P. S. Bartlett | Waltham, Mass. |
| Wm. Ellery | Waltham, Mass. |
| Home Watch Co | Boston, Mass. |

For sale at retail by all respectable dealers.

A descriptive circular giving much useful information sent to any address on application.

No watches retailed by the Company.

Address,

*Robbins & Appleton,*
GENERAL AGENTS,
182 Broadway, New York.

Ask to see the new Full-Plate Watch, bearing the trade mark "American Watch Co., Crescent st., Waltham Mass." It is by far the best Full-Plate Watch made in the United States, and surpasses anything heretofore made in this country for Railway Engineers, Conductors, &c.
apr22-deod&w1m&3d&1stP

*JOHNSON HOUSE,*
By Mrs. Dr. Johnson,
Kingston, Georgia.
june21-d1w

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

MACON AND WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.—J. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HAYNES, Master of Transportation.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 7 30 P M |
| Arrives at Chattanooga | 2 30 A M |
| Leaves Chattanooga | 7 30 P M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 4 14 A M |

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 9 15 A M |
| Arrives at Chattanooga | 5 30 P M |
| Leaves Chattanooga | 7 00 A M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 3 17 P M |

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 5 30 P M |
| Arrives at Cartersville | 8 11 P M |
| Leaves Cartersville | 6 00 A M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 9 00 A M |

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, —— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; R. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 8 15A. M. |
| Arrive at West Point | 12 30 P. M. |
| Leave West Point | 12 45 P. M. |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 5 35 P. M. |

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 8 00 P. M. |
| Arrive at West Point | 10 05 P. M. |
| Leave West Point | 8 00 A. M. |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 10 07 A. M. |

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., May 12th, 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as follows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Augusta | 7.15 A.M |
| Leave Atlanta | 7.00 A.M |
| Arrive at Augusta | 5.45 P.M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 7.10 P.M |

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Augusta | 9.50 P.M. |
| Leave Atlanta | 5.45 P.M. |
| Arrive at Augusta | 4.00 A.M. |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 8.00 A.M. |

S. K. JOHNSON, Supt.

Atlanta, Athens, Madison, Covington and Greensboro' papers copy. may14-d1f

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—102 miles—Fare 3 cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; M. R. CLARKE, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BROWNE, Master Transportation; W. A. FULLER, General Ticket Agent.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 1.55 A M |
| Arrive at Macon | 1.40 P M |
| Leave Macon | 1.55 A M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 4.10 P M |

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 7.15 P M |
| Arrive at Macon | 4.35 A M |
| Leave Macon | 8.30 P M |
| Arrive in Atlanta | 4.45 A M |

SOLOMONS' BITTRS!
This Great Tonic
WILL BE SUPPLIED TO THE TRADE
At the Proprietors' Prices,
BY THE FOLLOWING HOUSES:
REDWINE & FOX, Druggists,
W. A. LANSDELL, Druggist,
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Druggists,
L. COHEN & CO.,
Dealers in Wines, Liquors, etc.
A. A. SOLOMONS & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Savannah, - - - Georgia.
may21-d1m

The Celebrated Home Shuttle.

$25. $37.

THE best for family use and every kind of work. Has the latest improved attachments, and is warranted for five years.

The Best and Cheapest Lock-Stitch Machine in the city.

Mrs. M. L. WHEELER, Agent,
may18-deodly No. 68 Whitehall Street.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton County, Ga., will be sold, on the first Tuesday in July next, at the Court House door in the City of Atlanta, Fulton county, between the legal hours of sale, the following houses and lots in the city of Atlanta, being the property of the estate of George Gibbon:

One lot on Tannery street, 100 feet on said street, thence south 230 feet to Simpson street, 100 feet on Simpson street, and thence north to Tannery street 230 feet; containing one-half acre more or less. On said premises is a one-story dwelling house.

One lot known as city lot No. 36, containing one-half acre more or less, being on Ivy street, 100 feet on said street; on which lot are two small one story buildings of wood.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 35 containing four-fifths of half-acre, more or less, being 100 feet, more or less, on Ivy street, 160 feet, more or less, on Harris street, 110 feet, more or less, on the west line, and 160 feet, more or less, on south lines; on said lot is a one-story wood building.

One lot known as city lot No. 107, of block No. 17, containing one and one-fourth of an acre, more or less, situated on the corner of Collins and Baker streets; on said lot is a large two-story brick house with twelve rooms, with good outbuildings.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 108, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and fronting on Collins street 45 feet, more or less, and running back 210 feet, more or less, and having thereon a one-story building of wood, two rooms.

One lot known as city lot No. 95, being 50 feet front on Hull street, and containing one-half an acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as No. 4, in block 32, situated on Whitehall street, and running back to Forsyth street, and containing one acre, more or less; on said premises is a one-story house of brick, at present occupied by Wm. M. Bray, Esq.

One lot known as part of land lot No. 79, in the 14th district of Fulton county. Said lot fronts on Simpson street, and measures 100 by 200 feet, more or less.

One lot known as city lot No. 7, in block 103, fronting 200 feet on Stockton street, and 100 feet on Mechanics' street; said lot contains one-half acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as city lot No. 130, of block 23, fronting on Houston street 145 feet, more or less, on Butler street 212 feet, containing seven-eighths of an acre, more or less.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, and containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, including half the alley in the north end of said lot, situated on Crew street; on said premises is a one-story dwelling of four rooms.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, in block No. 4, being a part of original land lot No. 78, in the 14th district, which is the eastern part of said city lot, containing one fourth of an acre, more or less.

One lot known as No. 129, fronting on Marietta street, containing five-eighths of an acre, more or less; on said premises is a dwelling of four rooms on high brick basement.

One lot known as the west half of city lot No. 1, and the west half of the north half of city lot No. 2, in block No. 16, containing three-fourths of an acre, more or less

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

**Agents for the Constitution.**

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

J. W. BOYD, Greenville, Ga.
O. W. THIMMEN, Ringgold, Ga.
J. B. AVERRA, Fayetteville, Ga.
W. H. STANSELL, Warrenton, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
JUDGE T. O. JACOBS, Forsyth, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agt, Palmetto, Ga.
Col. J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
WARREN & KEMP, Albany, Ga.
R. C. BEAVERS, Campbellton, Ga.
JAS. T. LANKIN, Lawrenceville, Ga.
C. A. DUNWOODY, Roswell Factory, Ga.
THOMAS SHAW, Notasulga, Ala.
J. W. BRYSON, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FREAR, Kingston, Ga.
V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
REV. W. J. [illegible]

## City and Suburban Affairs.

THE Green Line Convention is well attended this morning.

COPIOUS showers of rain visited Atlanta and vicinity this morning.

R. J. LOVE has been appointed to assist the Clerk of Council in recording the official covenants, deeds, and other documents in a book prepared for the purpose.

WE learn that Captain G. J. Forecare has been appointed Superintendent of the Montgomery and West Point Railroad, vice Daniel H. Cram, resigned. A good appointment.

ATLANTA DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND OF QUARTERLY CONFERENCES: Evans' Chapel, Atlanta, 3d Saturday and Sunday in June.
Payne's Chapel, Atlanta, 4th Saturday and Sunday in June.
Trinity Church, 1st Saturday and Sunday in July.
Fulton Circuit, 2d Saturday and Sunday in July.
Wesley Chapel, and 3d and 4th Ward Mission, 3d Saturday and Sunday in June.
Decatur, 4th Saturday and Sunday in June.
Jasper, 1st Saturday and Sunday in August.
Monticello, 2d Saturday and Sunday in August.
Covington, 3d Saturday and Sunday in August.
Oxford, 4th Saturday and Sunday in August.
Lawrenceville, 1st Saturday and Sunday in September.
Conyers, 2d Saturday and Sunday in September.
Atlanta Circuit, 3d Saturday and Sunday in September.
Monroe, 4th Saturday and Sunday in September.

J. LEWIS, P. E.

Conyers, Covington and Monroe papers please copy.

## *Latest Market Reports.*

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, June 15, 10 o'clock, P. M.

From the New York Financial Chronicle.]

COTTON STATEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts to June 10, 1870 | 2 792,870 |
| Receipts to June 10, 1869 | 2 072,187 |
| Increase | 720,683 |

INTERIOR STOCKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Augusta, Georgia | 11,455 |
| Columbus, Georgia | 5,588 |
| Macon, Georgia | 6,805 |
| Montgomery, Alabama | 4,503 |
| Selma, Alabama | 3,310 |
| Memphis, Tennessee | 19,084 |
| Nashville, Tennessee | 4,643 |
| Total | 68,167 |

The foregoing shows that interior stocks have decreased during the week about 3,748 bales, and that they are now 37,142 in excess of the same period of last year.

VISIBLE SUPPLY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Stock in Liverpool | bales 603,000 |
| Stock in London | 26,690 |
| Stock in Glasgow | 40 |
| Stock in Havre | 137,270 |
| Stock in Marseilles | 7,400 |
| Stock in Bremen | 21,100 |
| Stock rest of Continent | 50,000 |
| Afloat for Great Britain (American) est. | 120,000 |
| Afloat for France (American and Brazil) | 33,169 |
| Total Indian Cotton afloat for Europe, est. | 739,683 |
| Stock in United States ports | 251,086 |
| Stock in inland towns | 68,167 |
| Total | 1,664,505 |

These figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 281,086 bales compared with the same date of 1869.

INDIA COTTON.—On the 14th of May, while the India movement was each week falling behind the figures for the corresponding periods of last year, we stated that the Bombay shipments would, from the first of June "be considerably in excess of last year, and during May, they would equal the shipments for the same month of 1869." At that time the movement for May had been reported but for one week, and was to Great Britain only 23,000 bales against 50,000 bales the same week of 1869.

Since then the shipments have largely increased—for the whole of May this year, they have reached, to Great Britain, 228,000 bales, against 213,000 bales for May, 1869, and to the Continent 38,000 bales against 41,500 bales for the same period of last year, while for the first week of June they are over 100,000 bales to Great Britain against about 12,000 last year. Hence the deficiency in the shipments to Europe, which was at the end of the first week of May 230,000 bales, was reduced to less than 120,000 bales at the close of the first week in June.

Total shipments to June 10, 1870, 725,679.
Total shipments to June 10, 1869, 829,106.

From the above it appears that if we include the movement to China, the deficit in the crop thus far, as appears by the shipments, is only about 103,000 bales.

## Bingham on Rome.

According to Punchinello, Mr. Buncombe Bingham is said recently to have delivered himself of the following magnificent burst of pyrotechnical eloquence during the debate in Congress on the Roman mission. It is worthy of a place in the National First Reader:

"Talk to me at this time of the day about Rome being the Mother of Art! Why, sir, there is more of that genius which makes divine even the marble itself wear the divine beauty of life, more of that power to-day, in living America, than was ever dreamed of in Rome, living or dead! Bring on your of in Rome, living or dead! Bring on your Michael Angelos; produce your Chiaro-curos, your Massniellos, your Savonarolas and the rest of 'em—but show me a match for Vinnie Ream!"


*Railroads.*

Winter Arrangement!

—:o:—

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

—:o:—

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

*Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,*

Carrying Great Southern Express.

—:o:—

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

—:o:—

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

—:o:—

On and after March 21st, 1870,
Through Passenger Trains will Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--7:30 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

*Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.*

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

*Nashville and all Points North, East and West.*

—:o:—

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York

—:o:—

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

—:o:—

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

—:o:—

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

—:o:—

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

—:o:—

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

—:o:—

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

—:o:—

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

—:o:—

Baggage Checked Through

—:o:—

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS, Master Transportation.
FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent.
nov28-dtf

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

*West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.*

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

*UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.*

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
apr21-dtf

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in *roughness* of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that *nine-tenths* of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEABILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healing action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a *secret* quack remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

*ORGANIC CHEMIST,*

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

☞ For Sale by Druggists Everywhere. ☜
dawtm

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel,

The Cheapest and Best Meats in the Market.

Fulton Market Beef.
Extra Family Pig Pork.
Spiced Pig's Feet.
English Breakfast Bacon.
Pickled White Hams.
Venison, Bologna Sausage.

*T. W. SIMMONS,*

Under National Hotel.

*A other Fresh Lot Just Received.*

Choice Goshen Butter.
New York Dairy Cheese.
Call soon and get a good article at lowest prices.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel,

A Fresh Lot of Crackers:

Albert Biscuit,
Dessert Biscuit,
Lemon Snoppetts,
Graham,
Boston,
Butter,
Ginger,
Pearl,
Oyster,
Cream,
Ginger Snaps,

All fresh and nice, and the best grades.

*T. W. SIMMONS,*

Under National Hotel.

CALL and examine my new crop Teas, just received from Cincinnati, over the Pacific Railroad. The best grades Gunpowder, Oolong' Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast and Japan Teas.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

FOR choice grades Coffee ask for Mocha, Old Government, Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffee. Nobody sells lower or better Coffee.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

THE FINEST WINES:

SHERRY, Port, Claret, Blackberry, Scotch and English Ale, Fine Brandy, Choice Old Whiskies.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

Canned Goods in Great Variety.

OYSTERS, Salmon, Clams, Pickles, Jellies, Sauces, Spices, etc., etc.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

CRUSHED SUGAR,
Granulated Sugar,
A, B, Extra C, Yellow, and
Cut Loaf Sugars.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

PRICES REASONABLE.

NO trouble to show goods. Good weights; best goods. Goods delivered anywhere in the city, free of charge. Leave your orders and satisfaction guaranteed. may15—

COTTON GINS REPAIRED!

—BY—

P. C. SAWYER,

AT DIXIE WORKS,

MACON, - - GEORGIA

COTTON GINS made as good as new, at from one-third to one-half the cost of a new Gin, and made equal to the best Gins manufactured in the United States.

Large Gins reduced to any required size.

None but the best and most experienced work men, from the shop of the late Sam'l Griswold are employed, and all work guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. I keep a large supply of the different kinds of Ribs used by the several Gin-makers.

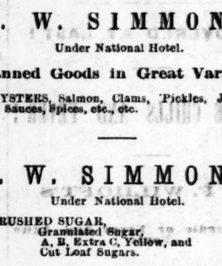
Refer to hundreds of planters in the counties of Wilkinson, Laurens, Twiggs, Pulaski, Houston, Bibb, Crawford, Monroe and Upson, among whom are the following: Wilkinson, M. J. Carswell; Laurens, Joel Covey; Pulaski, James Robannon, M. F. Grace; Houston, C. N. Kounsree, Rev. B. F. Tharp; Bibb, Pulaski Holt; Monroe, James Tripp; Upson, Rev. James Lyon; Crawford, David McGee, and to Hardeman & Sparks, of Macon.

Send in your Gins early, in order to give me time to fix them up right. P. C. SAWYER,
mar31-dawtm Dixie Works, Macon, Ga.

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail



TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART.

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb8-dly Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERY DAY.

HAVING completed my visits to the country precincts, I will be at the Sheriff's Office, in the City Hall, every day (Sundays excepted), for the next two weeks. Every one required by law to make a return of taxable property in the county of Fulton, should come forward in that time, if they wish to save trouble and expense.

SAMUEL GHUBB,
R. T. E., Fulton county
june7-d3t

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE Mayor and Council at the regular meeting on Friday night last, having decided that persons are not entitled to two feet of the side walk for the exhibition of their goods, etc., all persons interested will take notice that after the first instruction of the Council, I shall endeavor to see that the Ordinance prohibiting the placing of Obstructions, Goods, etc., on the side walks is rigidly enforced. June 4, 1870. G. W. ADKERSON,
City Marshal.
june5-dtw

Valuable Real Estate,

AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Bowdry, deceased, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.

Apply to E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, E. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr16-d1f

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

*No. 6, Cherokee Block,*

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

june4-dtm

SOMETHING TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY

—AT—

Chapman, Rucker & Co.'s,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

*WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.*

Having Accepted the Agency for the Celebrated Graves' Mills Flour of

LEBANON, KENTUCKY,

We are now Prepared to Furnish to our Patrons any Kind and Quantity of Flour at

THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!

WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF

CORN, BACON, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, ETC.,

WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL

AS LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY!

may13-d3m

JOHN STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta. LOUIS GHOLSTIN Atlanta.

—:o:—

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

50 casks Canvassed Hams,
50 casks Bacon Shoulders,
75 casks Dry Salted Shoulders,
10 casks Dry Salted Jowls,
50 casks Clear Bulk Sides,
Tennessee Bacon—assorted,
1,000 bushels Oats,
50 barrels Whisky—Corn,
10 barrels Whisky—Pure Rye,
25 barrels Pure Virginia Apple Brandy,
10 bales Cotton Yarns,
1,000 bags Corn,
1,000 bales Timothy Hay,
500 barrels Western Flour—assorted.

AGENTS FOR ROME MILLS FLOUR,

Of which we are daily receiving large quantities, fresh ground, in 24, 49 and 98 pound sacks.

*AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF LIME,*

HOWARD KILNS AND "CHICKAMAUGA BIRD-EYE," received, fresh, every day, in good packages.

EARLY IRISH POTATOES,

Received daily, from Charleston, South Carolina.

*We are offering the above at Low Figures.*

A VALUABLE LOT, WITH COTTAGE AND OUTHOUSES,

On Peters Street, FOR SALE ON FAVORABLE TERMS.

June2-d15d STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

*Baltimore Notices.*

J. Woodson Burton, | Jno. W. Stockton.
Late of Perryville.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.
*Centrally located.*

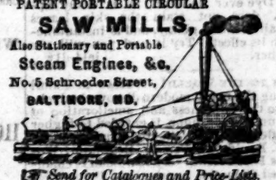
feb12—dtf

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,



Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.,

No. 5 Schroeder Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ *Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists.*

mar27-d1y

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 380 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, after the receipt of this notice, not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.

apr30-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-d1y

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINKMAN & CO.,
Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals,
Charleston, S. C.
jan19-d1y

ROBERT WOOD & CO.,

*Philadelphia Ornamental*

IRON WORKS,

GARDEN AND CEMETERY ADORNMENTS,

CAST, WROUGHT IRON AND WIRE RAILINGS,

FOUNTAINS, VASES, VERANDAS,

Settees, Arbors, Chairs, Summer Houses,

IRON STAIRS,

Spiral and straight, in every variety of pattern. New and improved styles of Hay Racks, Mangers, Stable Fixtures, Stall Divisions, etc.

PATENT WIRE WORK,

Railings, Store Fronts, Door and Window Guards, Farm Fencing, etc.

BRONZE WORK.

Having fitted up our Foundry with special reference to the above class of work, we are now prepared to fill with promptness all orders for Bronze Castings of Statuary, colossal, heroic and life-size.

ORNAMENTAL IRON GOODS.

The largest assortment to be found in the United States, all of which are executed with the express view of pleasing the taste, while they combine all the requisites of beauty and substantial construction.

Purchasers may rely on having all articles carefully packed and shipped to the place of destination.

Designs will be sent to those who wish to make a selection.

apr 9-d3m

1870. SPRING STOCK. 1870.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

76 Whitehall Street,

*Wholesale and Retail Dealers in*

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

Yankee Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Straw Goods.

KEEP constantly on hand a large assortment in every department selected with great care, and bought at the lowest prices from Importers and Manufacturers, and which we are offering to the Trade at prices to correspond with the late decline in gold.

Our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT is up-stairs, and entirely separate from our Retail Department, and we are prepared to offer great inducements to COUNTRY MERCHANTS, who are respectfully invited to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

We are Agents for the Princeton Factory, Athens, Ga., and sell at Factory Prices. Their PREMIUM COTTON YARNS, first Premium awarded, State Fair, 1869; also, their Heavy Shirtings, Plaid Osnaburgs and Stripes.

Also, Sole Agent for Brown & Woodis' PREMIUM HOME-MADE SHOES. These Shoes were awarded the highest Premiums at the State Fair, 1869, and the Silver Cups are here on exhibition. apr21-d3m

HON. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.

sep30-dtf

MANUALS OF THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS ten cents each, sent by mail:

MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS 116 pages.
OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, 84 pages.
Magic Lanterns and Stereopticans, 82 pages.
PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS, 84 pages.

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,
924 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.
may14-d2m

CHARTER OAK STOVES

LANGFORD & McCRATH,

*Wholesale and Retail Dealers in*

PUMPS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON,

Tinners' Findings, Stoves, Lamps, Hollow-Ware, Marbelized Slate Mantels at Factory Prices. Gas Fitting and Plumbing done to order.

KEY STONE BLOCK,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

☞ Agents for the celebrated "Charter Oak Stove." feb15-d1y

*MARVIN'S PATENT*

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar

SAFES.

Will not corrode the iron, would the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.

These are the only Safes filled with

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.

MARVIN & CO.,

No. 265, Broadway, N. Y.,
No. 721, Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

feb1-d3m

*Dr. W. G. DRAKE,*

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity in the various branches of his Profession.

The Doctor has for more than ten years devoted the greater portion of his time to the study and treating of those diseases peculiar to females.

References—Dr. J. S. Pemberton and Col. W. H. Weems, Atlanta.

Office—Granite Block.

Office hours from 8 to 9 o'clock A. M., and from 3 to 6 o'clock, P. M.

Consulting room private.

Residence near the corner of Baker and Peachtree streets. apr15—

*Bottoms Horse Power,*

UNIVERSAL Fan Mills; Emery's Threshers and Cleaners; Emery's Railway and Lever Powers; Excelsior and Buckeye Mowers and Reapers.

GRANT'S PAT. GRAIN CRADLES,

Armstrong's Hoisters and Time Calchers. The Arctic Refrigerators, Borgo Machinery and Evaporators, Cider Presses, Wine Mills, Churns, Washing Machines, Horse Rakes, Dry Houses, etc.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Guano, Seeds,
And Agricultural Implements,
Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
June9-d1f

N. P. TUTWILER,

Contractor and House Builder

IS prepared to do any kind of Building in the best style. He did a large business in Louisville, and refers to the gentlemen everywhere, who visited Atlanta on the Green Line Excursion; John J. Baxter, Mayor of Louisville, Dr. H. F. Kalfus, Jos. G. Clement, City Magistrate, Phillip Leidig, City Hotel, Ex-Mayor Kaye, E. A. Bettiers, Wholesale Druggist, Callahan & Son, Grocers, Dow Brooks & Co., Fry & Co., Merchants, J. S. Lithgow & Co., Stove Castings, etc.

He has done work for the following gentlemen in Atlanta, to whom he refers for recommendation as to his skill and promptness and integrity: Gen. W. Adair, and Col. I. W. Avery. may19-d1m

RAILROAD HOTEL,

AT STONE MOUNTAIN,

W. C. HUMPHREYS, PROPRIETOR,

IS prepared to feed passengers on the Railroad, and the public generally, in good style. No pains will be spared to have the tables well furnished with the best the country can afford, fixed up to suit the taste of the most fastidious. Being very close to the depot, it gives the passengers ample time to eat and not be hurried. june15-d3m

COAL!

OUR experience for the last four winters teaches us that the demand for Coal in the winter time is greater, (and will continue greater,) than the facility for transportation; therefore, we think it to the interest of consumers by lay in their supply this summer, as it saves trouble and high prices. We will deliver on the car, by the car load, SEWANEE COAL, at the following prices:

Lump Coal ..... 25 cents per bushel
Run of Mines ..... 20 " "
Fines ..... 15 " "

Orders left at Atlanta Ice House will be promptly filled. PELHAM & CO.
may17-d3m

Picture Frame Manufacturer.

JAMES SANDERS,

Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Oval and Square

PICTURE FRAMES

Pictures and Moldings,

*LOOKING GLASSES,*

—AND—

Looking Glass Plates.

CONSTANTLY on hand a full assortment of Oval Frames and Looking Glasses, suitable for Retail Trade.

Merchants and others visiting the city will please give us a call, as we are offering extra inducements in this line of goods.

☞ Particular attention given to Framing. 97 Whitehall Street,
apr23-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

THE COMMITTEE appointed by the Legislature to investigate the financial condition, management, etc., of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, are now holding daily sessions from 9 o'clock, A. M., until 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Depot building of said road, where the Committee can be found by parties, or their Counsel having business with the same.

Papers willing to do so are requested to publish this notice. WALKER BROCK,
Chairman Committee.
Atlanta, Ga., May 18, 1870—d1f

C. Edw. COPELAND,

(Successor of Hampton & Copeland,)

WOOD & MANN,

Portable and Stationary

STEAM ENGINES,

Iron and Wood Working

MACHINERY.

No. 42 Cortlandt Street,

P. O. Box 5791. NEW YORK.

☞ Send for Reduced Price List.
May5-d3m

JOHN I. HALL. | JOS. A. COTTEN. | WM. T. WEAVER.

Hall, Cotten & Weaver,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Offices in Atlanta and Thomaston, Ga.

WILL practice in the counties of Fulton, Cobb, Campbell and DeKalb. Captain J. A. Cotten will give his attention to practice in the above counties, and will be found at all times in the office in Atlanta. Will also practice in the counties of Upson, Pike, Crawford, Taylor, Talbot and Meriwether, in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia. Messrs. Hall & Weaver will give attention to business in the above counties and will visit the office in Thomaston, Ga. feb24-d3m